



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1887.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India."]

The following orders issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS—JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 19th May 1887.

No. 811.—The Hon'ble Romesh Chunder Mitter, B.L., a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained privilege leave for two months from the 25th instant, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself thereof.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 18th May 1887.

No. 170.—The Reverend Alfred Neville-Rolfe, B.A., has been appointed a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment to fill an existing vacancy.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Simla, the 20th May 1887.

APPOINTMENTS.

Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 355.—Mr. George Ferdinand Kellner to be Lieutenant, *vice* Lieutenant J. T. B. Siddons, retired.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 358.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

* * * * *
Surgeon-Major D. D. Cunningham, M.B., Honorary Surgeon to the Viceroy, Professor of Physiology, Medical College, Calcutta, (p.a.) for 245 days, under rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

INDIA OFFICE,
15th April 1887.

The Queen has approved of the following admissions to the Indian Medical Service:—
To be Surgeons. Dated 30th September 1886.

BENGAL.

Robert Joseph Macnamara, M.D.
Herbert Wilson Pilgrim.
George Brooke French.
Francis Wyville Thomson.

Edwin Harold Brown.
 Charles Norman Bensley.
 Selby Herriot Henderson.
 David Wilson Scotland.
 Charles Robert Mortimer Green.
 James Henderson Sellick.
 Edward Christian Hare.
 Frank Cecil Clarkson.
 John Gregory Jordon.
 John Digby Marsh Swinburne.
 Herbert Mackinlay Morris.
 Allan Rupert Postance Russell.
 James Morwood, M.D.
 Edmund Alexander William Hall.

* * * * *

The following officers, whose admission to the India Medical Service (Bengal) was notified in the *London Gazette* of 20th August 1886, should have been placed in the order shewn below:—

William Grant Thorold.
 Patrick Heair.
 Lionel John Pisani.
 Basanta Kumar Basu.
 Narendra Prasanna Sinha.
 William Rice Edwards.
 Charles Mactaggart.
 John Fenton Evans.
 George James Hamilton Bell.
 Joseph Thomas Daly.
 Henry Fooks.
 Ernest Hudson.
 Arthur Cecil Deare.
 Arthur William Dawson.
 William Henry Banner Robinson.
 Henry Anderson Sheppard.

PROMOTIONS.

Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 368.—Lieutenant William Frederick Whitehead to be Captain, *vice* Captain Clark, retired.

E. H. H. COLLEN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1887.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India."]

The following orders issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS—MEDICAL.

Simla, the 23rd May 1887.

No. 255.—Mr. P. A. Rigby, L.S.A.; is temporarily admitted into the Uncovenanted Medical Service, and his services are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

Simla, the 25th May 1887.

* * * * *

No. 269.—The services of the undermentioned Commissioned Officers of the Indian Medical Service are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal:

Surgeon-Major B. Gupta, M.B. | Surgeon L. A. Waddell, M.B.
Surgeon F. S. Peck.

* * * * *

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Finance and Commerce, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CODES.

The 26th May 1887.

No. 2804.

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

PAGE 24.

Section 42.

Strike out the footnote to this Section.

PAGE 23.

Section 41.

Insert the following as a footnote under this Section.

At least six months before a Chaplain, whether English or Scotch, completes his full period of service, a statement should be furnished to the Government of India, in the Home Department, for transmission to the Secretary of State, showing the date on which the Chaplain completes such service, whether he is in England or in India. It should also be stated whether he is on duty or on leave, and if the latter, for what period.—(Home Department Circular No. 157-9, dated 17th May 1887.)

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

PAGE 190.

Section 125.

Rule VI.

Insert the following as a Note under this Rule:

[If a Chaplain's term of twenty-five years' service expires during his leave, or during the period to which it is stated that it may be extended, the fact should be noted on the last pay certificate (see Section 110).]

No. 2820.

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

PAGE 173.

Section 77.

Clause (b).

Substitute the following for the last line of this clause.

“for one month before the examination, and if he passes, for another month after it.”

Clause (c).

Substitute the following for the first six words of this clause:

“The whole period of two months’ leave.”

PAGE 174.

Section 78.

Rule 3.

Add the following after the word “clause” in the fifth line of this Rule.

“and that privilege leave may not be granted in continuation of the month’s leave after examination admissible under Section 77, clause (b).”

The 27th May 1887.

No. 2823.

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

PAGE 151.

Section 19.

Rule 1.

For the words *when he takes his seat in Council under the usual salute*, substitute *when he takes upon himself the execution of his office*.

No. 2831.

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

PAGE 175.

Section 79.

Add the following to this Section:

“But the Local Government may, with or without restrictions, empower any head of a Department to grant privilege leave in cases where no substitute is required and no extra expense involved.”

Section 79.

Rule 2.

Add the following to this Rule:

“The Head of a Department acting under the second part of this Section, must first obtain a report from the Accountant-General that the leave is admissible. If he grants the leave he must report it to the Local Government (which will, if necessary, gazette the leave); and if he refuses it, he must transmit the application to the Local Government.”

No. 2833.

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

PAGE 10.

Section 10.

Insert the following as Exception (1) under this Section:

“Exception (1) —Officers who were transferred to foreign service before the 24th December 1879, and have not returned to Government service since then, are not required to pay any additional premium.”

No. 2835.

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

PAGE 10.

Section 10.

Insert the following as Exception (2) under this Section:

“Exception (2) —An officer who has been on foreign service and has gone on furlough retaining a lien upon any appointment in Government service, or who being a member of any Government establishment, has his allowances on furlough paid by Government, is not required, while on such furlough, to pay any extra premium in respect of his Fund subscriptions.”

J. WESTLAND,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Simla, the 27th May 1887.

Administrative Battalion, Presidency Volunteers, and Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 381.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. W. Chatterton, General List Infantry, to be Commandant, *vice* Colonel P. H. F. Harris, C.B., Bengal S.C., who resigns that appointment.

Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 383.—Lieutenant J. F. H. Collet, Northern Bengal Volunteer Rifle Corps, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Lieutenant R. D. Morrison, who has resigned his commission.

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E. H. H. COLLEN, Lieut.-Col.,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1887.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India."]

The following orders issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS—POLICE.

Simla, the 2nd June 1887.

No. 244.—The services of Mr. W. W. Daly, Officiating Inspector-General of Police, Upper Burma, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

EDUCATION.

The 3rd June 1887.

No. 175.—The Governor-General in Council has been pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Sir William Comer Petheram, Kt., q.c., to be Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta, in succession to the Hon'ble Sir W. W. Hunter, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., B.A., LL.D.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Finance and Commerce, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CODES.

The 2nd June 1887.

No. 2907.

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

PAGE 213.

Section 163.

Rule 2.

Insert the following as a Note under this Rule:—

"When an officer proceeding to England is compelled to leave without a Last-pay Certificate, the necessary document should be forwarded to the India Office at the earliest possible date through the Government of India, Madras or Bombay, as the case may be. If delayed beyond fifteen days or the second mail after the officer's departure, it should be accompanied by an explanation as to the cause of delay."

The 3rd June 1887.

No. 2928.—*Erratum*.—In the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 231, dated 27th May 1887, published at page 249 in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 28th May 1887, for "Civil Pension Code" read "Civil Leave Code."

J. WESTLAND,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Simla, the 3rd June 1887.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 405.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Secretary of State for India—

Captain W. A. D. O'Mealy, Bengal S. C., (p. a.) for seventy-one days.

E. H. H. COLLEN, Lieut.-Col.,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1887.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India."]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Finance and Commerce, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CODES.

Simla, the 9th June 1887.

No. 3051.

Definitions.

PAGE V.

Substitute the following for the Note under (i):

"[NOTE — But the manner in which this period of active service reckons for furlough is regulated by proviso (ii) under section 48, Civil Leave Code.]"

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

PAGE 159.

Section 48 (ii).

Substitute the following for the words:

"the proportion of furlough which under Military Rules would have become due" in this section:

"the amount of furlough which under Military Rules was due."

PAGE 160.

Sections 50 (2) and 50 (3).

For the words "Active service" in these sections, substitute "Active service in Civil employ."

No. 3054.

Definitions.

PAGE XII.

In the definition of "Military Officers" add the following after the words "31st December 1875" in line 10—

"or were subject, previous to their entering Civil employ, to the Leave Rules promulgated by Army Circular, dated 30th April 1886, and Royal Engineers in the Public Works Department (excluding the Military Works Branch) and the Survey Department who have elected for continuous service in India."

The 10th June 1887.

No. 3114.

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

PAGE 58.

Section 110.

Rule 6.

Add the following at the end of this Rule :

"The Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, also exercises the powers of a Local Government under these rules in respect of policemen in receipt of pay not exceeding Rs. 20 a month."

J. WESTLAND,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Simla, the 10th June 1887.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 419.—Mr. William Muspratt Jones to be Lieutenant, *vice* Lieutenant M. E. Gubbay, who has resigned his commission.

Northern Bengal Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 421.—Mr. Richard Carter to be Captain, to complete the establishment.

Mr. Edward Guy McLean to be Lieutenant, *vice* Lieutenant C. J. Soar, who has resigned his commission.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 423.—The undermentioned officer is granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave—

Surgeon-Major J. Wilson, M.D. (M. C.), for 182 days,—14 days under Rules IX and XV and the remaining period under Rule XIV, clause 2, of the Regulations of 1868.

E. H. H. COLLEN, *Lieut.-Col.*,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22, 1887.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India."]

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, is republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 16th June 1887.

No. 15.—The following Statute is published for general information:—

ARMY (ANNUAL) ACT, 1887.

50 VICT., SESS. 2, CH. 2.

An Act to provide, during twelve months, for the Discipline and Regulation of the Army.

[28th April 1887.]

Whereas the raising or keeping a standing army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in time of peace, unless it be with the consent of Parliament, is against law:

And whereas it is adjudged necessary by Her Majesty and this present Parliament, that a body of forces should be continued for the safety of the United Kingdom and the defence of the possessions of Her Majesty's Crown, and that the whole number of such forces should consist of one hundred and forty-nine thousand three hundred and ninety-one men, including those to be employed at the depôts in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the training of recruits for service at home and abroad, but exclusive of the numbers actually serving within Her Majesty's Indian possessions:

And whereas it is also judged necessary for the safety of the United Kingdom, and the defence of the possessions of this realm, that a body of Royal Marine forces should be employed in Her Majesty's fleet and naval service, under the direction of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom, or the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid:

And whereas the said marine forces may frequently be quartered or be on shore, or sent to do duty, or be on board transport ships or vessels, merchant ships or vessels, or other ships or vessels, or they may be under other circumstances in which they will not be subject to the laws relating to the Government of Her Majesty's forces by sea:

And whereas no man can be forejudged of life or limb, or subjected in time of peace to any kind of punishment within this realm by martial law, or in any other manner than by the judgment of his peers and according to the known and established laws of this realm; yet nevertheless it being requisite, for the retaining all the before-mentioned forces, and other persons subject to military law, in their duty, that an exact discipline be observed, and that persons belonging to the said forces who mutiny or stir up sedition, or desert Her Majesty's service, or are guilty of crimes and offences to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy punishment than the usual forms of the law will allow:

And whereas the Army Act, 1881, will expire in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven on the following days:—

- (a).—In the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man, on the thirtieth day of April; and
- (b).—Elsewhere in Europe, inclusive of Malta, also in the West Indies and America, on the thirty-first day of July; and
- (c).—Elsewhere, whether within or without Her Majesty's dominions, on the thirty-first day of December:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the Army (Annual) Act, 1887.

2. (1). The Army Act, 1881, shall be and remain in force during the periods hereinafter mentioned, and no longer, unless otherwise provided by Parliament; that is to say,

Army Act (44 and 45 Vict., c. 58) to be in force for specified times.

- (a).—Within the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man, from the thirtieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven to the thirtieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, both inclusive; and
- (b).—Elsewhere in Europe, inclusive of Malta, also in the West Indies and America, from the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven to the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, both inclusive; and
- (c).—Elsewhere, whether within or without Her Majesty's dominions, from the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven to the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, both inclusive;

and the day from which the Army Act, 1881, is continued in any place by this Act is in relation to that place referred to in this Act as the commencement of this Act.

(2). The Army Act, 1881, while in force shall apply to persons subject to military law, whether within or without Her Majesty's dominions.

(3). A person subject to military law shall not be exempted from the provisions of the Army Act, 1881, by reason only that the number of the forces for the time being in the service of Her Majesty, exclusive of the marine forces, is either greater or less than the number hereinbefore mentioned.

3. There shall be paid to the keeper of a victualling house for the accommodation provided by him in pursuance of the Army Act, 1881, the prices specified in the Schedule to this Act.

Prices in respect of billeting.

Amendments of Army Act, 1881.

4. Whereas under section forty-one of the Army Act, 1881, as amended by the Army (Annual) Act, 1886, a person subject to military law is by the first four sub-sections liable, if convicted by a court-martial of certain offences in those sub-sections particularly specified, to suffer such punishment as is therein specified for each of such offences, and by the fifth sub-section is liable if convicted of any offence, which when committed in England is punishable by the law of England, to suffer such punishment as might be awarded to him in pursuance of the Army Act, 1881, in respect of an act to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, or to suffer any punishment assigned for such offence by the law of England:

Amendment of s. 41 of 44 & 45 Vict., c. 58, as to offences punishable by ordinary law of England.

And whereas doubts have arisen as to whether the provision of the fifth sub-section for liability to the punishment that might be awarded in respect of an act to the prejudice of good order and military discipline extends to the offences in the first four sub-sections particularly specified, and it is expedient to remove such doubts: Be it therefore enacted as follows:—

In sub-section five of section forty-one of the Army Act, 1881, the words "not before in this section particularly specified" shall be inserted after the words "if he is convicted of any offence."

5. Whereas by section fifty-seven of the Army Act, 1881, the authorities therein mentioned have power to commute punishment awarded by a sentence of a court-martial for any less punishment or punishments to which the offender might have been sentenced by the said court-martial:

Amendment of s. 57 of 44 & 45 Vict., c. 58, as to communication and remission of sentences.

And whereas in case of murder the only sentence which a court-martial can award is the sentence of death, and doubts may arise as to the power of any authority to commute such sentence, and it is expedient to remove such doubts: Be it therefore enacted as follows:—

In sub-section one of section fifty-seven of the Army Act, 1881, the words "or if such punishment is death awarded for the offence of murder, then for penal servitude or such less punishment as in this Act mentioned" shall be inserted after the words "sentenced by the said court-martial."

In sub-section two of section fifty-seven of the Army Act, 1881, the words "or if such punishment is death awarded for the offence of murder, then for penal servitude or such less punishment as in this Act mentioned" shall be inserted after the words "sentenced by the said court-martial."

Schedule.

Accommodation to be provided.	Maximum Price.
Lodging and attendance for soldier where hot meal furnished ...	Two pence half-penny per night.
Hot meal as specified in Part I of the Second Schedule to the Army Act, 1881.	One shilling and one penny half-penny each.
Where no hot meal furnished, lodging and attendance, and candles, vinegar, salt, and the use of fire, and the necessary utensils for dressing and eating his meat.	Four pence per day.
Ten pounds of oats, twelve pounds of hay, and eight pounds of straw per day for each horse.	One shilling and nine pence per day.
Lodging and attendance for officer	Two shillings per night.

NOTE.—An officer shall pay for his food.

S. HARVEY JAMES,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 16th June 1887.

No. 1341.—The following Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 57 (Public), dated the 28th April 1887, is published for general information:—

No. 57 (Public), dated India Office, London, the 28th April 1887.

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India,

To—His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General of India in Council.

I have laid before the Queen-Empress the letter from Your Excellency's Government, No. 13 (Public) of the 8th March 1887, transmitting telegrams received from certain individuals and public bodies expressing their congratulations and loyalty on the occasion of the recent celebration in India of the Jubilee of Her Majesty's Reign.

2. In reply, I am commanded to state that Her Majesty has derived much gratification from a perusal of these loyal and dutiful messages, which evince so much good feeling towards Her Person and Throne; and I have to request that Your Excellency in Council will separately inform those from whom the telegrams have been received of Her Majesty's gracious appreciation of the sentiments contained in them.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Revenue and Agricultural Department, is republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,

Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

MUSEUMS AND EXHIBITIONS.

The 16th June 1887.

No. 439—8-7 *Ex.*—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 3 (b) of the Indian Museum Act, IV of 1887, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Surgeon-Major G. King, M.B., Superintendent of the Royal Botanical Gardens, Calcutta, to be a Trustee of the Indian Museum, *vice* Raja Rajendra Mullick, deceased.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Finance and Commerce, is republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CODES.

The 14th June 1887.

No. 3152.

Definitions.

PAGES VII AND VIII.

Insert the following Note under the definition of "Average Salary":—

"[NOTE.—If the period spent by an officer on special duty in England is allowed to count for leave, it is included in the calculation of average salary on the assumption that the officer drew full salary. Otherwise it is excluded in calculating average salary.]"

J. WESTLAND,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 17th June 1887.

APPOINTMENTS.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Central Bengal Light Horse.

No. 442.—Mr. William Shireff to be Honorary Captain.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 447.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Secretary of State for India:—

* * * * *

Surgeon-Major W. H. Gregg, M.B., (M. C.) for four months.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 448.—The following extracts are published for general information.

"*London Gazette*," dated the 13th May 1887, pages 2642 and 2643.

INDIA OFFICE,

13th May 1887.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Military Forces, made by the Governments in India:—

BENGAL INFANTRY.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major William Franco Dodsworth. Dated 4th March 1887.

* * * * *

E. H. H. COLLEN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29, 1887.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the "Gazette of India."]

The following Extraordinary is issued by the Government of India, Military Department, and is republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 459.

Simla, the 20th June 1887.

In commemoration of the Jubilee Anniversary of the Accession of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, Empress of India, the 21st of June 1887 is appointed to be observed as a holiday by the Armies of India.

A Salute of 50 guns will be fired at daybreak of the 21st instant from all Forts and Batteries from which Salutes are usually fired.

As a mark of Royal clemency on this occasion, it will be announced, in the General Orders of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, that an amnesty will be granted to particular classes of Military offenders in the British Army, and the release of Military prisoners of the British Army will take place, who, on the 21st instant, may be undergoing sentences of imprisonment for the offences specified in the orders of the Commander-in-Chief in India of this date.

In the Native Army all soldiers undergoing sentence of Court-Martial in military custody will be released, and all regimental prisoners and defaulters of the British and Native Armies will be excused further punishment.

The Viceroy and Governor-General in Council has much gratification in announcing that, as a token of the appreciation in which the services of the Native Officers of the Army in India are held by Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, and in commemoration of Her Jubilee, the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Government of India, to sanction an increase to the Order of British India of fifty appointments to the Second Class of the Order. The increased establishment will stand as follows :—

	First Class.	Second Class.	Total.
Bengal, including Punjab Frontier Force, the Hyderabad Contingent, and the Local Corps ...	88	118	206
Madras	53	63	116
Bombay	34	44	78
Total ...	175	225	400

By order of the Governor-General in Council,

E. H. H. COLLEN, Lieut.-Col.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 17—IE.

Simla, the 21st June 1887.

THE Queen-Empress has been graciously pleased, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date the first day of June of this year, to make certain alterations in the constitution of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, which will for the future consist of three classes.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Lord Reay, C.I.E., Governor of Bombay, His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Lord Connemara, Governor of Madras, His Excellency General Sir Frederick Sleigh Roberts, Baronet, V.C., G.C.B., K.C.I.E., R.A., Commander-in-Chief in India, to be Knights Grand Commanders of the said Order.

The Queen-Empress has further been pleased to nominate His Royal Highness Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, His Royal Highness Alfred Ernest Albert, Duke of Edinburgh, His Royal Highness Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, and Field-Marshal His Royal Highness George William Frederick Charles, Duke of Cambridge, to be Extra Knights Grand Commanders of the Order.

By order of the Grand Master,

H. M. DURAND,

Secy. to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 23rd June 1887.

No. 1377.—In modification of the instructions contained in Foreign Department Notification No. 1368P., dated the 23rd June 1873, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to decide that all letters or communications addressed to Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, or to members of the Royal Family, or to high officials of Her Majesty's Government in England by public bodies or associations in British India, or by individuals resident in British India, shall in future be sent, through Local Governments and Administrations, to the Home Department for transmission to their destination.

The receipt of letters otherwise transmitted will not be acknowledged.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 24th June 1887.

No. 200.—With reference to Home Department Notifications Nos. 75 and 94, dated 11th and 16th March 1887, respectively, the following Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India is published for general information:—

No. 67 (Public), dated India Office, London, 19th May 1887.

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India,

To—His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General of India in Council.

With reference to your two Despatches dated the 12th ultimo, Nos. 23 and 24, I have to inform Your Excellency in Council that Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, has been pleased to approve the appointment of Sir Stenart Colvin Bayley, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

* * * * *

POLICE.

The 23rd June 1887.

No. 262.—The services of Mr. J. T. Rivett-Carnac, Supernumerary District Superintendent of Police, 4th Grade, Burma, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 29th June 1887.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 23rd June 1887.

No. 205.—The Reverend A. N. Rolfe, B.A., a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, reported his arrival at Calcutta on the afternoon of the 9th instant.

No. 207.—The Reverend G. G. Gillan, M.A., Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland on the Bengal Establishment, has obtained furlough for one year, with effect from the 12th proximo, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, is republished for general information.

F. B. PEACOCK,

Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

The 24th June 1887.

No. 471.—Second Grade Senior Apothecary T. Lyons is granted furlough out of India (m. c.) for one year, under the Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave.

E. H. H. COLLEN, Lieut.-Col.,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th December 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Kotechandpore Municipality, in the district of Jessore, made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of sections 224 to 244, 249 to 251, 266 to clause I of section 273 of Part VI of the above Act to the said Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th December 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Chupra Municipality in the place of those mentioned against them:—

Pandit Debi Prosad, *vice* Baboo Deo Coomar Singh, deceased.
Mr. J. Ellis, *vice* Mr. F. H. Harding, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th December 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Moulvie Mobarak Ali to be Chairman of the Chyebassa Municipality, in the district of Singbhoom, *vice* Mr. R. H. Renny, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th December 1886.—Whereas a notification, dated the 2nd September 1886, announcing the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to the municipalities noted in the margin, was published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposal within six weeks from the date of the publication of the notification within those municipalities, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1 of the said Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the provisions of the Act to the said municipalities.

District.	Name of municipality.
Cuttack	Jajpur.
...	Kendrapara.
Balasore	Balasore.
Pooree	Pooree.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th December 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the powers vested in the Local Government by section 351 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Bankoora Municipality, made at a meeting, to confirm the following bye-laws which have been framed by the said Commissioners under section 350 of the said Act, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality:—

ADDITIONAL BYE-LAWS FOR THE BANKOORA MUNICIPALITY.

Rules for regulating Burial and Burning Grounds.

1. No person shall carry, or cause to be carried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, through the streets within the municipality without having it fully covered from the public view.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

2. No person shall, unless with the special permission of the Commissioners, burn or bury any corpse, or any part of a corpse, within the municipality, except in places already set apart by the municipality, or which will be subsequently selected for the purpose.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse or a part thereof at a place less than three feet distant from any grave or place where another corpse is buried, without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

4. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse or a part thereof at a depth of less than six feet from the surface of the earth, or less than four feet if the corpse be placed in a coffin.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

5. No person shall re-open any grave without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

6. No person shall leave, or cause to be left, in the burning or burial ground, any cloth, matting, bedding taken with the corpse, or any other article of similar nature, or any article, other than any metallic article connected with the burying or burning of any such corpse, without burying them or burning them to ashes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

7. No person charged with the burning of a corpse shall cause or permit any person to leave it, or any part of it, without completely reducing it to ashes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For the prevention of nuisance on river bed.

8. No person shall ease himself, or throw, deposit or discharge any offensive matter, sewage or rubbish into any river or water-course within the municipality.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st December 1886.—In supersession of the notification, dated the 27th July 1886, published at page 229, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th August last, it is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Noakhally Municipality, made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of sections 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333 and 334 of Part IX of the Act to the said Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Surgeon D. Prain is appointed Curator of the Herbarium attached to the Royal Botanical Garden, Calcutta, vice Mr. J. L. K. Brace, retired.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. J. C. White, Executive Engineer, Darjeeling Division, to be a Commissioner of the Darjeeling Municipality, vice Mr. W. H. Nightingale, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Dr. W. Beatson to be a Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Municipality, *vice* Dr. W. F. Murray, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. J. Mann to be a Commissioner of the Krishnagur Municipality, *vice* Dr. E. G. Russell, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

The 3rd January 1887.—In the notification, dated the 8th December 1886, published at page 535, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of Parts VI and IX of Act III (B.C.) of 1884 to the Ranchi Municipality, in the district of Lohardugga, for "Parts IV and IX" read "Parts VI and IX."

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 17th July last, was published at page 224, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, declaring the Lieutenant-Governor's intention to sanction the inclusion of the village of Bhowanipur within the Kotechandpur Municipality, in the district of Jessore, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposed measure, it is hereby notified for general information that, in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Kotechandpur Municipality, made at a meeting, and in the exercise of the power conferred upon him by section 11 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor declares that, for the purposes of the Act, the said village shall be included within the limits of the Kotechandpur Municipality from the 1st of January 1887.

The boundaries of the municipality shall be as follows:—

On the north.—The villages of Parla, Fulbari, Ruddrapur, and Balarampur.

On the west.—The villages of Baluhar and Baluhar Boor.

On the east.—The villages of Kasipur, Balaharia, and Pushpotila.

On the south.—The river Kabodak.

This notification supersedes that dated the 27th October last, published at page 504, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd November last.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 27th September 1886, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 (an Act for the prohibition of the practice of inoculation) to the thanas named in the margin, situated in the district of Backergunge, was published at page 479, Part IB, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th October 1886, and

Gournuddy.	Jhalokati.
Mohdegunge.	Nulchit's
Sarupkati.	Barisal.
	Backergunge.

whereas no objection has been raised within one month from the date of the publication of the notification, it is hereby notified that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government under section 3 of the Act, the Lieutenant-Governor declares that the provisions of the Act be extended to the said thanas.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

The 3rd January 1887.—In the notification dated the 21st December 1886, published at page 547, Part IB, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, directing the transfer of certain ferries situated in the district of Dacca to the Dacca District Board, for "Najigunge, Nabigunge" read "Hajigunge, Nabigunge."

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 351 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Khoolna Municipality, made at a meeting, to confirm the following bye-laws which have been framed by the said Commissioners under section 350 of the said Act, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification:—

(a).—FOR REGULATING THE CONDUCT OF BUSINESS AT THE MEETINGS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

1. The ordinary monthly meeting of the Commissioners shall be held, if there be any business to be transacted, on the sixth day of each month. If the sixth day falls on a Sunday or other authorized holiday, then the meeting shall take place on the ensuing Monday or the next office day as the case may be.

(b).—FOR REGULATING THE MODE OF COLLECTING THE TAXES.

2. Every officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show this certificate, if required.

(c).—FOR THE DISPOSAL OF THE DEAD BODIES OF ANIMALS.

3. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, on any burial ground, any corpse or part of a corpse in a grave which shall be at a less depth than six feet from the surface ground. The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

4. No person shall carry a corpse or part of a corpse through any highway unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

5. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall within 12 hours of its death, or if death occurs at night within eight hours after sunrise, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer, and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

6. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass or any part of a carcass in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

(d).—FOR REGULATING TRAFFIC IN THE STREETS.

7. Every carriage or cart plying at night in the streets shall carry at least one conspicuous light except in clear moonlight nights. The night shall be taken to commence one hour after sunset.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

8. No cart laden with long and entire bamboos shall be driven along any public road within the limits of the Municipality, unless it be attended by a driver.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 to be levied from the driver.

(e).—FOR REGULATING OR PROHIBITING THE USE OF FIRE-BALLOONS, FIRE-ARMS, FIREWORKS, OR MISSILES IN THE VICINITY OF PUBLIC ROADS.

9. No person shall let off any fire-balloons or fireworks in or near any public street without the consent of the Chairman previously obtained.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

(f).—FOR THE REGULATION AND MANAGEMENT OF PRIVIES.

10. No owner or occupier of any house, land or premises in or on which any privy may be situated, shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, watercourse or tank or hollow or excavation, or any place containing waste or stagnant water.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

11. No person shall perform any office of nature in the vicinity of any public road, except in such places as may be appointed for that purpose by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

12. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets other than in a closely covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as they shall from time to time direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, under section 22, Act III (B.C.) of 1885, to appoint the Magistrate of Hooghly to be Chairman of the Hooghly District Board.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

The 4th January 1887.—In Government notification dated the 28th October 1886, published at page 504, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd ultimo, publishing the names of the gentlemen who have been elected members of the Howrah District Board, for "Baboo Ambica Churn Ghose" read "Baboo Ambica Churn Bose."

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a bathing platform at No. 24, Ooryapara Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 24, Ooryapara Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, one cottah only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north by a passage; on the south and west by No. 24, Ooryapara Lane; and on the east by Ooryapara Lane.

A plan and a specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a bathing platform at No. 94, Lower Chitpore Road, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 94, Lower Chitpore Road, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, one cottah only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north, south and west by No. 94, Lower Chitpore Road; and on the east by a public sewer ditch.

A plan and a specification of the land are filed in the office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a bathing platform at No. 29, Newgypukur East Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 29, Newgypukur East Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, one cottah only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north, south, and west by No. 29, Newgypukur East Lane; and on the east by a passage.

A plan and a specification of the land are filed in the office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a bathing platform at No. 5, Rambagan Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 5, Rambagan Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, one cottah only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north, south and east by No. 5, Rambagan Lane; and on the west by Rambagan Lane.

A plan and a specification of the land are filed in the office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a bathing platform at No. 64, Upper Circular Road, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 64, Upper Circular Road, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, one cottah only, is required. The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north and east by No. 64, Upper Circular Road; on the south by a new road; and on the west by public sewered ditch.

A plan and a specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for a bathing platform at No. 34, Sham Bazar Street, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 34, Sham Bazar Street, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, one cottah only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north partly by Sham Bazar Street and partly by Shampukur Street; on the south and west by No. 34, Shambazar Street; and on the east by Comooliatola Lane.

A plan and a specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a bathing platform at No. 21, Bow Bazar Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 21, Bow Bazar Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, 1 cottah only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north by a passage; on the south and east by No. 21, Bow Bazar Lane; and on the west by Bow Bazar Lane.

A plan and a specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for a bathing platform at No. 110, Grey Street, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land No. 110, Grey Street, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, one cottah only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north and west by No. 110, Grey Street; on the south by Grey Street; and on the east by No. 155, Upper Chitpore Road.

A plan and a specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor appoints Mr. Wilkinson Chambers to be a Commissioner of the Naraingunge Municipality, in the district of Dacca, *vice* Mr. John Sergiades, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor appoints Rai Gopal Mohan Sircar and Baboo Behari Lal Biswas to be Commissioners of the North Barrackpore Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Baboos Nund Kumar Chatterjee and Radhica Narain Ghose, who have ceased to be Commissioners under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

The 7th January 1887.—In the notification, dated the 16th September 1886, published at page 457, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, notifying the names of the gentlemen elected and appointed to be members of the District Board of Bankoora, for "Baboo Umesh Chunder Banerjee" read "Baboo Mohesh Chandra Banerjee," and for "Mr. E. H. Ross" read "Mr. E. A. Ross."

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th January 1887.—In supersession of the notification dated the 10th December 1886, published at page 537, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected, under section 7 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, to be members of the District Board of the 24-Pergunnahs:—

Local Board by which elected	Names of Members.
Alipore	{ Rai Prasunna Kumar Banerjee, Bahadoor. Baboo Grish Chunder Bose. " Nobin Chand Ghose. " Shama Churn Patitanda.
Diamond Harbour	{ " Jai Kali Dutt. The Sub-divisional Officer of Diamond Harbour.
Baraset	{ Baboo Girija Prasunna Mukerjee. Munshi Syed Ali Hafez.
Bussirhat	{ Moulvie Golam Kasem. Baboo Kedarnath Bose.
Barrackpore	{ " Kali Churn Biswas.
Dum-Dum	{ " Gokul Chandra Singha.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed, under section 7 of the Act, to be members of the above Board:—

The Road Cess Deputy Collector	...	} <i>Ex-officio.</i>
„ Sub-divisional Officer, Baraset	...	
„ Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle	...	
„ Civil Surgeon of the district	...	
Nawab Abdul Latif Khan Bahadoor, C.I.E.		
Baboo Harish Chunder Mittra.		
„ Harinath Chatterjea.		
Maharajah Norendra Krishna Bahadoor.		
Prince Jehan Kadir Mirza.		
The Hon'ble Peari Mohun Mukerjea.		
Baboo Kali Kumar Rai Chowdhuri.		
„ Shama Churn Laha.		

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th January 1887.—In supersession of the notification, dated the 10th December 1886, published at page 538, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected, under section 7 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, to be members of the District Board of Khoolna:—

Local Board by which elected.	Names of Members.	
Sudder	...	Baboo Ambica Charan Sen.
	...	„ Debendranath Sen.
	...	„ Kunja Bihari Chakravarti.
Bagirhat	...	„ Mothra Lal Nag.
	...	„ Amrita Lal Raha.
	...	„ Lakhan Chandra Roy.
Satkhira	...	„ Joy Gopal Mozumdar.
	...	„ Shital Chandra Chatterjea.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed, under section 7 of the Act, to be members of the above Board:—

The Road Cess Deputy Collector	...	} <i>Ex-officio.</i>
„ Sub-divisional Officer, Satkhira	...	
„ Executive Engineer of the division	...	
„ Civil Surgeon of the district	...	
The Revd. Gogan Chandra Dutta.		Baboo Girijanath Roy Chowdhry.
Munshi Mozahurul Haq.		Mr. J. Deverienne.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th January 1887.—In supersession of the notification, dated the 10th December 1886, published at page 536, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected, under section 7 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, to be members of the District Board of Moorshedabad:—

Local Board by which elected.	Names of Members.	
Sudder	...	Baboo Hari Krishna Majoomdar.
	...	„ Poolin Bihari Chakie.
	...	„ Kali Das Mookerjea.
	...	„ Shama Charan Bose.
Lalbag	...	„ Umesh Chunder Roy.
	...	„ Pran Kumar Das, Sub-divisional Officer.
Kandi	...	„ Moonshi Zillar Rahman.
	...	„ Baboo Chandra Kanta Roy Chowdhry.
Jungipore	...	„ Krishna Ballav Roy.
	...	„ Nil Ratan Baral.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed, under section 7 of the Act, to be members of the above Board:—

The Road Cess Deputy Collector	...	} <i>Ex-officio.</i>
„ Sub-divisional Officer of Jungipore	...	
„ ditto ditto Kandi	...	
„ Civil Surgeon of the district	...	
„ Executive Engineer of the division	...	
Mr. J. W. Stocks.		Mr. J. G. Malcolm.
„ Alphonso Gallois.		„ A. F. Dennis.
	Mr. J. N. Fergusson.	

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th January 1887.—In supersession of the notification dated the 10th December 1886, published at page 587, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected, under section 7 of Act III (B.O.) of 1885, to be members of the District Board of Nuddea :—

Local Board by which elected.	Names of Members.
Krishnaghur	... { Baboo Mrinunjoy Ray. " Pulin Behari Lahiri.
Kushtea	... { " Bishumbar Roy. " Basanta Kumar Chatterjea.
Ranaghat	... { " Banomali Mukerjea. " Banka Bihari Singha.
Meherpore	... { Mr. D. MacDonald. The Sub-divisional Officer.
Chocadanga	... { Baboo Prosunno Chunder Roy. Mr. A. C. Mounier.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed, under section 7 of the Act, to be members of the above Board :—

The Road Cess Deputy Collector	...	} <i>Ex-officio.</i>
" Sub-divisional Officer, Kushtea	...	
" ditto ditto, Ranaghat	...	
" Executive Engineer of the division	...	
" Civil Surgeon of the district	...	
Mr A. M. G. Smith.		
" C. W. Thomas.		
Baboo Ram Chundra Mukerjea.		
" Nafar Chundra Pal Chowdhry.		
Molla Khodadad Khan.		

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th January 1887.—In supersession of the notification, dated the 10th December 1886, published at page 536, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected, under section 7 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, to be members of the District Board of Jessore :—

Local Board by which elected.	Name of Members.
Sudder	... { Baboo Woomesh Chunder Ghosh. " Hemanta Kumar Ghosh. " Dakhina Prosad Bose.
Jhenidah	... { " Kedarnath Ghosh. " Motilal Ghosh.
Magurah	... { Mr. C. Silby. Baboo Umbica Churn Sircar.
Narail	... { " Bhupendra Kumar Roy. " Aditya Chandra Sen.
Bongong	... { " Troylakhanath Sen, Sub-Divisional Officer. Moulvie Afsaruddin Khan Chowdhry. Baboo Suronath Chowdhry.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed, under section 7 of the Act, to be members of the above Board :—

The Road Cess Deputy Collector	...	} <i>Ex-officio.</i>
" Sub-divisional Officer, Jhenidah	...	
" ditto ditto, Magurah	...	
" ditto ditto, Narail	...	
" Executive Engineer of the division	...	
" Civil Surgeon of the district	...	
Mr. W. Sheriff.		Baboo Pyari Mohan Guha.
Rajah Pramatha Bhusan Deb Roy		Mr. T. Brae, Junior.
Mr. J. H. Oates.		Baboo Bepin Behary Bose.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st December 1886.—Under Rule 8 of the rules framed under sections 5 and 7 of the Local Authorities Loan Act of 1879, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the Lieutenant-Governor intends to submit to the Government of India for sanction the following application from the Commissioners of the Moheshpore Municipality, in the district of Jessore, for permission to raise a loan of Rs. 5,000, bearing interest at 5 per cent. per annum, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said Municipality.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8	9	10	11
Work for which the loan is required, and estimate of cost.	The amount which it is proposed to borrow.	Receipts of the fund on which it is proposed to borrow the loan.	Law under which the fund is received.	Period for which the loan is required.	Number and amount of instalments, and the date for receiving the loan.	NUMBER AND AMOUNT AND DATE FOR REPAYMENT OF INSTALMENTS.		Income of the municipality for the year 1885-86.	All expendi- ture for the three preceding years.	All exist- ing prior charges.	SIGNATURES OF COM- MISSIONERS.
						Principal for sinking fund.	Interest at 5 per cent.				
Rs.						Rs.	Rs.				
1. To construct 10,560 lineal feet of pucca drains, at 4 annas a foot	2,640					1st April 1888	500	750	6		Troyukho Nath Sen. Chairman.
2. To construct 4 miles of cutcha drains	400					1st April 1889	500	725	0		G. C. Ray Chowdhuri. Vice-Chairman.
3. To re-excavate a tank at the estimated cost of	1,200					1st April 1890	500	700	180		Bipin Behari Biswas.
4. To fill up certain filthy pools at a cost of	200					1st April 1891	500	675	...		মোক্তার হোসেন বিশ্বাস।
5. To make a well 30 feet deep of 7 feet diameter, at an estimated cost of	600					1st April 1892	500	650	...		Jyotirmaya Ray Chowdhuri.
						1st April 1893	500	625	...		নবীন চন্দ্র মদক।
						1st April 1894	500	600	...		Sarat C. Biswas.
						1st April 1895	500	575	...		Hira Lal Datta.
						1st April 1896	500	550	...		
						1st April 1897	500	525	...		
Total	5,000					Total ... 5,000	1,875	6,875	...		

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th January 1887.—Whereas a notification was published at page 476, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th October last, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to sanction the levy, by the Commissioners of the Sonamukhi Municipality, in the district of Bankurah, under section 143 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, of a fee of Rs. 2 per annum, or Re. 1 for the half year, on the registration, under section 142 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the municipality, and whereas no objections have been raised to the proposal within one month from the publication of the above notification within the municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power conferred upon him by section 86 of the Act, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the levy of the fees with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th January 1887.—In supersession of the notification, dated the 10th December last, published at page 541, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, it is hereby notified that an election will be held, under section 19 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, on the 2nd March 1887, in the town of Dacca, for the purpose of filling the vacancy in the Dacca Local Board in the place of Baboo Uma Prosad Biswas, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th January 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Krishnagar Municipality, in the district of Nuddea, made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of Part X of the above Act to the said municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that under section 59, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor approves the election, by the Commissioners of the English Bazar Municipality, in the district of Maldah, of Baboo Kali Das Chatterjee to be their Chairman, *vice* Baboo Shib Chandra Nag, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 4th January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, *viz.*, for widening the South Moisoondy lane and joining it with the Naraindia road, in the town of Dacca, pergunnah Jahangirnagar, zillah Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 14 cottahs $7\frac{1}{2}$ chittacks of standard measurement, is required. The boundaries of the land are as follows:—

- Plot I.*—On the north by the land of Nursing Chowdhury; and south, east and west by the South Moisoondy lane.
- Plot II.*—On the north and west by the South Moisoondy lane; and east and south by the land of Nursing Chowdhury.
- Plot III.*—On the north, east and west by the South Moisoondy lane; and south by the land of Roton Chand Shaha and others.
- Plot IV.*—On the north by the land of Bhagawan Chakravarty and others and the Naraindia lane; south by the land of Govinda Malakar and others; east by the Naraindia road and lane; and west by the South Moisoondy lane.
- Plot V.*—On the north by the land of Karim Moonshi; east by the Naraindia road; and south and west by the Naraindia lane.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 10th January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a new road joining Kalaker Street with Bysack's Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land No. 20, Kalaker Street, and No. 4, Bysack's Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 11 chittacks and 20 square feet only, are required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—

Portion marked A on the plan.—On the north by portion of premises No. 20, Kalaker Street; on the south by a public filled-up drain; on the east by Kalaker Street; and on the west by premises No. 11, Sobharam Bysack's Street, and portion of premises No. 20, Kalaker Street.

Portion marked B on the plan.—On the north by a public drain; on the south by portion of premises No. 4, Bysack's Lane, and portion of premises No. 3-1, Bysack's Lane; on the east partly by premises No. 21, Kalaker Street, partly by portion of premises No. 4, Bysack's Lane, and partly by a public drain; and on the west partly by Bysack's Lane, partly by portion of premises No. 3-1, Bysack's Lane, and partly by a public drain.

A plan and a specification of the land are filed in the office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 11th January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for opening a cartway and methers' passage to a ditch at Jámání Nagar, west of Pánetolla road, in the town of Dacca, pergunnah Jáhángirnagar, zillah Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 cottahs 6½ chittacks of standard measurement, is required. The land is bounded on the north and south by the lands of Rádhiká Mohan Ráy and others; on the east by the Pánetolla road; and on the west by a ditch.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 11th January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Santipore Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of the municipal dispensary building in the town of Santipore, pergunnah Ukhra, in the district of Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 bigah 4 cottahs and 12 chittacks of standard measurement, is required. The land is bounded on the north by a lane and the houses of Baboos Kheta Mohan Mukerjee and Bonomally Bhattacharjee; on the south by the Strand Road and the old bed of the Bhagirathee; on the west by a lane; and on the east by the house and land of Baboo Aushutosh Mukerjee.

A plan and specification of the land are filed in the office of the Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Pooree have determined to levy road cess for the cess year commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies, or two pice, on each rupee of the annual value of lands; and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division, is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon Umesh Chandra Banerjee to be a Commissioner of the Behar Municipality, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Amulya Chandra Champati, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Moulvi Syud Ali Nawab to be a Commissioner of the Mozufferpore Municipality, *vice* Baboo Troilokhya Nath Bose, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Jagadis Nath Roy to be a Commissioner of the Ranchi Municipality, *vice* Baboo Jogendra Nath Ghose, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. C. J. Graham to be a Commissioner of the Patna Municipality, *vice* Mr. J. McKinnie, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th January 1887.—It is notified for general information that the declaration, dated the 12th September 1882, published at page 806, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem. for the acquisition of land required by the Dacca Municipality for widening the line of road from Lalbag on the west to the Naraingunge road on the east, and the road from east to west in Shakari Bazar, in the town of Dacca, is hereby cancelled.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th January 1887.—In supersession of the notification, dated the 3rd January 1887, published at page 3, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 5th idem, it is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.O.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo P. C. Singh to be a Commissioner of the Krishnaghur Municipality, *vice* Dr. Russell, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th January 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 10th October 1886, was published at page 485, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of Part X of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, with the exception of sections 335 and 336, to the Noakhally Municipality, and whereas no objection has been raised within one month from the date of the publication of the above notification within the Municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of the Act, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the extension of the above Part, with the exception of the said sections, to the Noakhally Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th January 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Bhagulpore Municipality made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of Part VII of the said Act to those portions of Wards I, II, and III of the Municipality, as defined below, which are situated within a quarter of a mile from the nearest hydrant, unless good reasons be shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

Boundaries of Wards I, II, and III.

On the north by the bank of the river Ganges and the old bed of the Ganges called Jamunia; on the south by the railway line of the East Indian Railway; on the east by a nullah on the east of Barari Thakur's garden between the river and the culvert on the cutcha road leading to Barari school, thence by a straight line to the road east of Race-course, and thence by the said road to the line of the East Indian Railway; on the west by a line which runs north to south from the old bank of the Jamunia along the western boundary of Teela Kotee garden or compound to the Chumpanagger road, thence by a portion of the Chumpanagger road up to its junction with the Cleveland road, thence by the public garden road, thence by a portion of the Nathnagger road up to the north-east corner of the Raiquet Court compound, and thence by the Shahjunge road to the railway Mokra town bridge.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Poorna Chandra Mitra to be the Chairman of the Jehanabad Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, *vice* Baboo Shyamadhab Roy, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF LOHARDUGGA.

The 15th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Lohardugga have determined to levy road cess for the cess year commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pice, or two pice, on each rupee of the annual value of lands and of the annual net profits from mines, quarries, &c., and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF MANBHOOM.

The 15th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Manbhoom have determined to levy road cess for the cess year commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies, or two pice, on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and of the annual net profits from mines, railways, &c., and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division, is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF SINGBHOOM.

The 15th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Singbhoom have determined to levy road cess for the cess year commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies, or two pice, on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and of the annual net profits from mines, quarries, &c., and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division, is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF HAZARIBAGH.

The 15th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Hazaribagh have determined to levy road cess for the cess year commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies, or two pice, on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and of the annual net profits from mines, &c., and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division, is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th January 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 27th September 1886, was published at page 470, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th September 1886, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of Part IX of Act III (B.C.) of 1884 to Mohulla Mirkala, in Ward No. 1 of the Hooghly and Chinsurah Municipality, and whereas no objection has been raised within one month from the date of the publication of the above notification within the Municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of the Act, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the extension of the provisions of the above Part to the said Mohulla of the Hooghly and Chinsurah Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Baboo Satis Chandra Basu to be a Commissioner of the Noakholly Municipality, *vice* Baboo Chandra Bhusan Chakraverty, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Baboo Radhika Mohan Roy to be a Commissioner of the Noakholly Municipality, *vice* Moulvie Buzlul Haq, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 59, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to approve the election, under section 27 of the Act, by the Commissioners of the Boidyabatty Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, of Baboo Chundra Nath Mookerjee to be their Chairman.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Baboo Annoda Prosad Choudhury to be a Commissioner of the Berhampore Municipality, *vice* Baboo Shama Dass Roy, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th January 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 30th January 1886, announcing the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of the Bengal Municipal Act III (B.C.) of 1884 to the town of Kissengunge, in the district of Purneah, was published at page 22, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd February 1886, and also within the area affected, and whereas no objection has been raised to the measure, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government under section 8 of the said Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the provisions of the Act to the town of Kissengunge with effect from the 1st April 1887. The boundaries of the Kissengunge Municipality will be as follows:—

On the North.—The villages of Simulbari and Simdrain.

On the South.—The villages of Beloor and Machmara.

On the West.—The drain and channel, the old bed of the river Mahanundah, running from the western side of the subsidiary jail compound to the south-western limits of the village Khagra.

On the East.—The Ganges and the Darjeeling road.

2. The name of the newly constructed municipality shall be inserted in Schedule II, and the number of Commissioners for the Municipal Board shall be twelve.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 22 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to re-appoint Mr. W. J. Howard to be a Commissioner of the Gya Municipality, *vice* Mr. H. Holmwood, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Kunja Bihari Nag Chowdhuri to be a Commissioner of the Bussirhat Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Baboo Jodoo Nath Bose, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th January 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government under section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Bogra Municipality made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of sections 237, 238, 242, 258, 261, 262, 265, 269, 271, 273, 277, and 278 of part VI of the said Act to the above Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th January 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Bogra Municipality made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of part X of the said Act to the above Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th January 1887.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Bogra Municipality made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of Part IX of the said Act to the above municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Moulvie Sujayet Ali to be a Commissioner of the Tumlook Municipality, in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Baboo Indro Narain Pradhan, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Chandra Nath Banerji to be a Commissioner of the Baraset Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Baboo Harish Chandra Mittra, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 20th January 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a latrine in Kalakur Street, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 10-1, Kalakur Street, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, 6 chittacks only, are required.

The land is bounded on the north by a portion of premises No. 10-1, Kalakur Street; on the south by the public latrine; on the east by premises No. 35-1, Shibtolla Lane; and on the west by Kalakur Street.

A plan and specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Municipal Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st January 1887.—Baboo Radhika Mohun Roy, Manager of Miss Courjon's Estate, is appointed to be a member of the Noakholly District Road Committee, *vice* Moulvi Buzlal Haq.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd January 1887.—Mr. F. McBlaine, Assistant Magistrate of Backergunge, is appointed to be a member of the Backergunge District Road Committee.

Baboo Behary Lal Roy is re-appointed to be a member of the Backergunge District Road Committee.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th January 1887.—Mr. L. H. Mylne is appointed to be a member of the Shahabad District Road Committee, *vice* Mr. W. F. Burrows.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th January 1886.—Baboo Achutanund Bose is appointed to be a member of the Bhudruck Branch Road Committee, in the district of Balasore.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th January 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 27th September 1886, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to the Chogdah Municipality, in the district of Nuddea, was published at page 479, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th October 1886, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposal within six weeks from the date of the publication of the notification within the Municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 1 of the said Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the provisions of the Act to the Chogdah Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th January 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 27th September 1886, announcing the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 to the Chogdah Municipality, in the district of Nuddea, was published at page 479, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th October 1886, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposal within one month from the date of the publication of the notification within the Municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 1 of the said Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the provisions of the Act to the Chogdah Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION

The 28th January 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Ghattal Municipality, in the district of Midnapore, made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of sections 224, 225, 234, 235, 249 to 251 (inclusive), 254 to 257 (inclusive), 266, 268, 269, 273, 274, and that portion of section 271 which applies to section 225 of Part VI of the said Act, to the above Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. A. W. Paul, c.s., to be Chairman of the Darjeeling Municipality, *vice* Mr. W. Oldham, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Amrita Lal Mookerjee to be a Commissioner of the Raneeunge Municipality, in the district of Burdwan, *vice* Mr. A. Whyte, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Benode Bahari Das and Baboo Priya Nath Mitra to be Commissioners of the Jungipore Municipality, in the district of Moorsshedabad, *vice* Baboo Bejoy Govinda Chowdhuri and Baboo Kali Kumar Roy Chowdhuri, respectively, who have ceased to be Commissioners under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st January 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Kunja Behari Chakravarti to be a Commissioner of the Khulna Municipality, *vice* Baboo Kali Kumar Sarkar, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st February 1887.—The following list, showing the number of members of the Sudder Local Board of the district of Mymensingh to be elected by each thana within the Sudder sub-division of that district, is published for general information under Rule 19 of the rules made under clause (a), section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885:—

Local Board of—	Name of thana.	Number of members of Local Board to be elected by the thana.
Mymensingh or Nasirabad ...	Mymensingh or Nasirabad ...	2
	Madargunge or Iswargunge ...	2
	Gaffargaon ...	2
	Foolpore ...	2

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Chattra Municipality, in the district of Hazaribagh, made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of sections 261 and 273 of the Act to the said Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st February 1887.—The following list showing (a) the number of members fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor under sections 7 and 8, respectively, of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885, for the District and the Local Boards to be established in the district of Mymensingh, and (b) the number of members of the District Board to be elected by each of the Local Boards in the district, is published for general information:—

DISTRICT BOARD OF	Number of members fixed for the District Board.	LOCAL BOARD OF	Number of members fixed for the Local Board.	Number of members of District Board to be elected by the Local Board.
Mymensingh ...	24	Mymensingh or Nasirabad ...	12	3
		Jamalpore ...	8	2
		Atia or Tangail ...	8	3
		Netrokona ...	8	2
		Kishoregunge ...	8	2

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st February 1887.—It is hereby notified that the members of the Oolooberiah Local Board, in the district of Howrah, at a meeting having, under section 25 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, requested the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint a Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, under the said section, to appoint Baboo Khagendra Nath Mitra, Sub-divisional Officer of Oolooberiah, to be Chairman of the Local Board, *vice* Baboo Nobin Krishna Banerjee, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 27th January 1886.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Bali Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a playground for the Rivers Thompson School and for a public place for recreation in the village of Bali, pergunnah Boro, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 bighas 1 cottah and 15 chittacks of standard measurement, which is situated in the Bali Municipality, is required. The land in question is bounded on the north by Taltola Ghat Road; on the east by the river Hooghly; on the south by Dashani Ghat Road; and on the west by the Grand Trunk Road.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 1st February 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Motihari Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a municipal serai in the village of Motihari, pergunnah Majhowa, zillah Chumparun, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 beegahs 2 cottahs and 17 chittacks of local measurement (by a rod of $7\frac{1}{2}$ cubits which equals 2a. 1r. 38p.), situated within the village of Motihari, is required.

The land is bounded on the north by the old cutcherry road; on the south by the Bengalee Dosadhs field; on the east by the Henry market; and on the west by the old cutcherry compound.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th January 1887.—Baboo Bhoirab Chandra Dass is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Noakhally District Road Committee, *vice* Baboo Ram Lal Sen.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 51st January 1887.—Mr. R. O. Philipps is appointed to be a member of the Sarun District Road Committee, *vice* Deo Kumar Sing, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st January 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the powers vested in him by section 180 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1880, to confirm the following bye-laws which have been framed by the District Road Committee of Backergunge at a meeting, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification:—

Bye-laws.

1. No person shall obstruct any road or its slopes, berms, or side drains under the charge of the Committee by means of buildings, huts, or fences, or otherwise.
2. No person shall cultivate, or prepare for cultivation, any such road or the slopes or berms of any such road without the written permission of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.
3. No person shall tether any cattle, or permit any cattle to, stray on any such road or on the slopes or berms of any such road.

4. No person shall stack or expose any straw, jute, timber, bricks, or other articles, either to dry, or for sale, or for any other purpose, on any such road, or on the slopes or berms of any such road, without the previous permission of the Chairman.

5. No person shall destroy, damage, injure, or remove any tree, post, pillar, or fence the property of the Committee, on any such road, or on the slopes or berms of any such road.

6. No person shall, without the written permission of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the District or Branch Road Committee, as the case may be, cut any part of a district or village road for irrigation or other purposes, or make any excavation within 10 feet from the bottom of the slope of the road.

7. During the course of repairing any road or any bridge thereon, it shall be lawful for the person in charge of such repairs to erect a temporary fence and forbid traffic from passing over such portions of the roadway as are undergoing repairs, provided that in all such cases an alternative route shall be arranged for by the Committee.

8. Any person in possession or having control over any trees, bamboos, or hedge overhanging any khal or road or the slopes or side drains of any road within 12 feet above the surface of the road or khal shall, on a requisition signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the district or Branch Road Committee, as the case may be, trim such trees in such manner as he shall be required to do in such notice.

9. No person shall obstruct or fill up any portion or the whole of any khal, channel, or water-course of the District or Branch Road Committee by raising any bund or *gorrahs* for the purpose of catching fish, or for any other object, or throw into it any noxious or offensive matter or steep jute therein.

10. Any person infringing any of the above bye-laws shall, for every such offence, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10, or, in the case of a continuing offence, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for each day during which such offence is continued.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Bansberiah Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of sections 249, 250, 251, and 268 of the above Act to the said Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th February 1887.—The following draft of rules under sections 8 and 11 of the Petroleum Act, XII of 1886, together with the report of the Committee appointed to frame them, is published for general information, under section 26, clause (1) of the Act; and it is hereby notified, under clause (3) of the said section, that the draft rules will be taken into consideration on the expiry of one month from this date.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PROPOSED RULES UNDER THE NEW PETROLEUM ACT, XII OF 1886.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by sections 8 and 11 of the Petroleum Act, 1886, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to make the following rules to regulate the importation, possession, and transport of petroleum :—

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) All words and expressions used in these rules, and defined in the Act, shall in these rules have the meanings respectively assigned to them by the Act.

(2) In these rules "petroleum declared dangerous" means petroleum which the master of a ship has declared under rule 2 to be dangerous petroleum.

"Certificated petroleum" means petroleum covered by a certificate granted at the port of shipment of such description as the Local Government may from time to time by written order prescribe, and to the effect that the petroleum is not dangerous petroleum.

"Uncertificated petroleum" means petroleum which the master of the ship has not declared under rule 2 to be dangerous petroleum, and which is not covered by a certificate as aforesaid.

"Petroleum reported dangerous" means petroleum stated in a report signed by the Testing Officer appointed by Government, and deposited in the office of the Port Commissioners, to be dangerous petroleum.

"Petroleum reported not dangerous" means petroleum stated in a report as aforesaid not to be dangerous petroleum.

IMPORTATION AT CALCUTTA.

2. The master of every ship bound for Calcutta and carrying petroleum shall, before reaching Budge-Budge, declare in writing to the pilot—

- (a) What quantity of petroleum the ship is carrying.
- (b) Whether any and, if so, what part of the petroleum is dangerous.
- (c) Whether any and, if so, what part of the petroleum is certificated.

When the master declares that any petroleum is certificated, he shall produce to the pilot the certificate covering the same.

3. If the petroleum is in iron drums with a certified flashing point above 80° by Abel's test and does not exceed 5,000 gallons in quantity,

Or if it is petroleum which has been certified not to be dangerous under section 9 of the Act, and has come from a port in British India as part of a general cargo, and the quantity does not exceed 5,000 gallons,

Or if it is certificated petroleum not exceeding 5,000 gallons in quantity and the master produces the certificate to the pilot,

Or if it is dangerous or uncertificated petroleum not exceeding 40 gallons in quantity, the ship may proceed to any mooring in the port and there discharge the petroleum.

4. Any ship having on board a larger quantity of petroleum than is allowed under rule 3 shall not proceed upwards further than Budge-Budge, and such petroleum, whether landed at the petroleum wharf or otherwise discharged, shall be detained there pending the grant of an import license under section 5 of the Petroleum Act, or the issue of a certificate under section 9, or the orders of the Local Government for the disposal of the same.

5. (1) When a ship is stopped at Budge-Budge under rule 4, the Superintendent of the Petroleum Wharf shall, as soon as possible, not exceeding 48 hours from the time of the petroleum being landed or discharged into boats, obtain samples of all the oil thus landed or discharged.

(2) Every different quality of oil shall be separately sampled, and when oil is represented to be of uniform quality, a sample shall be taken from one case in every 10,000 cases.

(3) The Superintendent shall forthwith seal the receptacles containing the samples, and having labelled them with the name of the ship, the name of the consignee, and such other distinguishing marks as may be necessary, shall forward them to the Testing Officer for report.

6. The Testing Officer shall, as soon as practicable, and ordinarily within 24 hours, after the receipt of the samples, sign a report certifying that they are, or are not, dangerous petroleum (as the case may be), and shall forward such report to the office of the Port Commissioners, sending also a copy of the same to the Commissioner of Police of Calcutta.

7. No petroleum shall be removed from the wharf limits at Budge-Budge until it has been certified to be not dangerous, except in accordance with a license granted under section 5 of the Act.

8. Unless with the written permission of the Commissioners, no petroleum shall be discharged or landed within the port of Calcutta, except between day-light and dark, and at the wharves expressly set apart for the landing of petroleum.

9. The fee for sampling and testing petroleum shall be five rupees for each sample tested.

10. No smoking, fire, or light of any description shall be allowed at the Budge-Budge Petroleum Wharf, and no receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened or the contents drawn off, within the bands enclosing the sheds constructed for the storage of petroleum, except in such special place or places in the dépôt as may be set apart by the Port Commissioners for that purpose.

IMPORTATION AT OTHER PORTS.

11. The master of every ship conveying petroleum shall, on entering a port in the Lower Provinces of Bengal other than the port of Calcutta, give intimation of the quantity and description of the petroleum to the Magistrate of the district, and shall not allow more than three gallons of dangerous petroleum to be removed from the ship for delivery to any one person, except upon the production by the consignee or his agent of a license under section 5 or section 6 of the Act (as the case may be) to possess the same.

GENERAL.

12. Nothing in the foregoing rules applies to petroleum comprised in a ship's stores, and manifested as such, provided it is not of unreasonably large amount. If any question arises as to whether any petroleum, manifested as ship's stores, is of an unreasonably large amount, the decision thereon of the Port Commissioners in Calcutta, and of the Magistrate of the district elsewhere, shall be final.

Possession of Petroleum.

13. The following rules shall extend, so far as they apply to dangerous petroleum, to all the territories administered by the Lieutenant-Governor, and so far as they apply to other petroleum, only to—

- (1) the Town and Port of Calcutta;
- (2) the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta;
- (3) the North Suburban Municipality;
- (4) the South Suburban Municipality;
- (5) the area at Budge-Budge bounded as follows:—On the north by the Budge-Budge Road, on the east by the Aitcheepore Road, on the south by the Gurria Khal, and on the west by the river Hooghly.
- (6) the Municipality of Howrah.

14. Licenses for the possession of petroleum within the town of Calcutta shall be granted only when—(1) the quantity of petroleum to be kept in one place does not exceed 50,000 gallons, and (2) the place intended to be used for the keeping of the petroleum fulfils the following conditions, viz:—(a) If the quantity of petroleum to be kept in the place does not exceed 5,000 gallons, the building itself shall be constructed of masonry with a terraced or iron roof, and the doorways and other openings of the building shall be built up to a height of not less than two feet above the level of the road or street, or the floor shall be sunk at least two feet below the level of the road or street, so that the petroleum cannot flow out of the place in case of fire. (b) If the quantity of petroleum to be kept in the place exceeds 5,000 gallons, but does not exceed 50,000 gallons, the building itself shall be constructed of masonry with a terraced or iron roof, and the doorways and other openings of the building shall be built up to a height of not less than three feet above the level of the road or street, or the floor shall be sunk at least three feet below the level of the road or street, so that the petroleum cannot flow out of the place in case of fire, and there shall be a clear open space of at least 20 feet round the building.

15. Licenses for the possession of petroleum outside the town of Calcutta shall, if the quantity of petroleum to be kept in the place does not exceed 50,000 gallons, be granted on the same terms as those granted in Calcutta for the possession in one place of not more than 5,000 gallons. If a license for the possession in one place of a larger quantity than 50,000 gallons be required, the license shall be granted on the same conditions as those granted in Calcutta for the possession in one place of petroleum exceeding in quantity 5,000 gallons; provided that, if the place in which the petroleum is to be kept is situated within one hundred yards of the river Hooghly or Tolly's Nullah, or the Circular Canal, the building shall further be surrounded by a wall or earthen embankment not less than four feet high with a trench close to, and completely surrounding, the building, of sufficient capacity to hold all the petroleum stored, and to prevent its escape beyond the limits of the trench in case of fire.

16. The Magistrate of the district, or in Calcutta the Commissioner of Police, or any police officer of or above the rank of head-constable appointed by him in writing for this purpose, may enter any place in respect of which a license for the possession of petroleum has been granted, for the purpose of inspecting the same at any time after sunrise and before sunset.

17. The Magistrate of the district, Commissioner of Police, or any police officer as aforesaid may require a sample to be delivered to him from any receptacle containing petroleum stored in any licensed premises. The procedure prescribed in sections 12, 13, and 14 of the Act shall apply to any demand for samples made under this rule and to the testing of such samples.

18. The following fees shall be charged for licenses for the possession of petroleum under the Act in places situated within the town of Calcutta, the Municipality of the suburbs of Calcutta, and the Municipality of Howrah:—

Licenses for the possession of dangerous petroleum—		Rs.
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 40 gallons (section 5), for every 40 gallons or fraction of 40 gallons	...	5
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 3 gallons, but does not exceed 40 gallons (section 6)	...	3
Licenses for the possession of other petroleum—		Rs.
When the quantity to be stored does not exceed 1,000 gallons	...	12
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 1,000 gallons, but does not exceed 5,000 gallons	...	2 extra for each 1,000 gallons, or part of 1,000 gallons.
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 5,000 gallons	...	4 for every (additional) 1,000 gallons or part of 1,000 gallons, in excess of 5,000 gallons.

19. The fees for licenses for the possession of petroleum in places situated beyond the limits of the town of Calcutta, the Municipality of the suburbs of Calcutta, or the Municipality of Howrah, shall be half those prescribed in rule 18.

20. Every license for the possession of petroleum in any place shall specify the maximum quantity of petroleum which may be stored in that place.

21. Licenses for the possession of petroleum shall be in force for one year, from the date of the grant of the license, provided that the licensing officer may at any time, for good and sufficient reason, cancel a license.

22. No license shall be necessary for the Port Commissioners' sheds at Budge-Budge: nor shall any license be required for sheds used by the Port Commissioners for the temporary storage of petroleum brought into the port under rule 3.

Transport of Petroleum.

23. Licenses for the transport of petroleum reported not dangerous in quantities not exceeding 500 gallons may be either general or special. General licenses for a period of twelve months shall be issued for transport by cart only. Such licenses shall authorize the holders to transport by cart any petroleum *bona fide* their own property without restriction as to destination or quantity.

24. The holder of a general license shall with each consignment of petroleum conveyed under cover of his license issue a pass in Form F appended to these rules, specifying the places from and to which the petroleum is to be conveyed, and the quantity of petroleum covered by it. Each pass shall be numbered, and the number of the general license shall be legibly marked on a conspicuous part of the last case on the cart.

25. Special licenses for the transport of petroleum shall be in force for such period not exceeding six months from the date of the grant of the license as may be specified in the license.

26. Every special license for the transport of petroleum shall specify the places from and to which respectively the petroleum is to be conveyed, the quantity of petroleum covered by the license, and the time for which the license is in force.

27. Applications for special licenses for the transport of petroleum by rail, by boat, and by steamer, or by two or more of these modes of conveyance, shall specify the description and quality of petroleum to be transported, and the places from and to which respectively the petroleum is to be conveyed, and shall describe the receptacles in which it is to be contained.

28. When a license has been granted under these rules for the transport of petroleum, the Magistrate of the district, or in Calcutta the Commissioner of Police, or any police officer of or above the rank of head-constable appointed by him in writing for this purpose, may, at any time after sunrise and before sunset, and on or before the arrival of the petroleum at its place of destination, board any steamer or boat, or detain any cart in respect of which a license for the transport of petroleum has been granted, for the purpose of inspecting the license and seeing whether its provisions are being complied with.

29. The following fees shall be charged for licenses for the transport of petroleum under the Act:—

	Rs.
License for the transport of dangerous petroleum—	
When the quantity to be transported exceeds 40 gallons (section 5), for every 40 gallons or fraction of 40 gallons	4
When the quantity to be transported exceeds 3 gallons, but does not exceed 40 gallons (section 6)	2
Special license for the transport of other petroleum—	
When the quantity to be transported does not exceed 5,000 gallons	1
For every additional 5,000 gallons, or a part of 5,000 gallons ...	1
General license for the transport of petroleum by cart for twelve months	100

General.

30. Licenses for the possession or transport of dangerous petroleum in quantities exceeding 40 gallons will be granted, subject to the provisions of section 5 of the Act, under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Municipal Department, on the recommendation of the Commissioner of Police, if the application for the license is made in Calcutta, or of the Commissioner of the Division, if the application is made elsewhere.

Applications for such licenses should be made through the Commissioner of Police in Calcutta, or the Divisional Commissioner, as the case may be.

31. Licenses for the possession or transport of dangerous petroleum in quantities not exceeding 40 gallons, and licenses for the possession or transport of other petroleum, will be granted in Calcutta by the Commissioner of Police or Deputy Commissioner of Police, at Budge-Budge by the Port Commissioners, and elsewhere by the Magistrate of the district, or by such other officer as the Local Government may from time to time, by an order in writing, appoint in this behalf.

32. Subject to the restrictions contained in section 5 of the Act, and Rules 14 and 15 of these rules, the licensing officer may, in his discretion, grant a license for the possession or transport of such quantity of petroleum as he thinks fit.

33. The licensing officer may, for special reasons to be reported to Government, refuse a license in any case.

34. Licenses granted under these rules shall be in the forms, and shall have endorsed on them the conditions, respectively, prescribed for them in the schedule hereto annexed. Every such license shall, on the breach of any such condition, be liable to be forfeited.

35. Every application for the renewal of a license shall be made in the same manner as an application for an original license. Every such application shall be made at a date not less than 15 days before the date on which the original license expires. The same fee shall be charged for the renewal of a license as for a new license.

SCHEDULE.

Form of License.

A.

License to possess dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 5 or Section 6 of Act XII of 1886.

No.

Fee Rs.

LICENSE is hereby granted to _____ for the storage, in the place described below, of _____ gallons of dangerous petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

Description of place above referred to.

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police, } When the amount of petroleum does
or Magistrate of the District. } not exceed 40 gallons.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM A.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under Section 8 of the Act.)

Conditions.

1. No goods of a combustible nature shall be stored in the licensed place.
2. No cask or other receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened, or the oil drawn off, within the building in which the petroleum is stored.
3. No smoking, light, or fire in any form shall be permitted at any time within such building.
4. If the licensing officer calls on the holder of the license, by a notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the licensed place which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the place, the holder of the license shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one week from the date of the receipt of the notice, as may be fixed by the notice.
5. The license-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity of dangerous petroleum exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a license under section 5 or 6 of the Act. For the delivery of any quantity of such petroleum not exceeding three gallons, he must observe the condition of sections 6 and 7 of the Act.

B.

License to possess Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 10 of Act XII of 1886.

No.

Fee Rs.

LICENSE is hereby granted to _____ for the storage, in the place described below, of _____ cases containing _____ gallons of petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

Description of the place above referred to.

The _____ 188 _____
Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police.
District Magistrate.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM B.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under Section 11 of the Act.)

Conditions.

1. No goods of a combustible nature shall be stored in the licensed place.
2. No cask or other receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened, or the oil drawn off, within the building in which the petroleum is stored.
3. No smoking, light, or fire in any form shall be permitted at any time within such building.
4. If the licensing officer calls on the holder of the license, by notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the licensed place which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the place, the holder of the license shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one week from the date of the receipt of the notice as may be fixed by the notice.

C.

License for transport of dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 5 or Section 6 of Act XII of 1886.

No. _____ Fee Rs. _____

LICENSE is hereby given to _____ of _____ to transport _____ cases containing in all _____ gallons of dangerous petroleum from _____ to _____, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license, and by the following route, namely—

The amount of petroleum in each case is stated below.

This license shall continue in force till the _____ day of _____ 188 .

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police. } In the case of the transport of
Magistrate of the district. } dangerous petroleum in amount
not exceeding 40 gallons.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM C.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under section 11 of the Act.)

Conditions.

1. The petroleum shall be carried (here describe mode or modes of conveyance).
2. When the petroleum is carried by steamer, it shall be stowed in such part of the steamer and in such manner as may be approved by the licensing officer or any officer appointed by him in writing in this behalf.
3. When the petroleum is carried by rail, it shall be subject to all the regulations which may, from time to time, be prescribed generally or specially in that behalf by the railway authorities of the line or lines over which it may be conveyed.
4. When the petroleum is being carried by boat, no smoking, fire, or light of any description shall be allowed in the boat so long as it is within the limits of the port of Calcutta and the municipalities named in clauses (1) to (6), Rule 13 of these rules. The boat conveying the petroleum shall also, from sunrise to sunset, show at its stern a red flag, 18 inches long and 12 inches broad, having the words "Petroleum Boat" marked on it in black letters.
5. When the petroleum is carried by cart, the cart conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise, or carry any light.
6. The license-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a license under section 5 or 6 of the Act. For the delivery of any quantity of petroleum not exceeding three gallons, he must observe the conditions of sections 6 and 7 of the Act.
7. Should the Commissioner of Police or any Magistrate through whose jurisdiction the petroleum may pass consider it necessary to send a guard with the petroleum covered by this license, an extra fee shall be paid sufficient to cover the cost of such guard.

D.

License to transport Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 10 of Act XII of 1886.

No. _____ Fee Rs. _____

LICENSE is hereby granted to _____ to transport from _____ to _____ cases containing _____ gallons of petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

This license shall continue in force only till the _____ day of _____ 188 .

Dated the _____ day }
188 . }

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police.

District Magistrate.

Superintendent of Petroleum Wharf at Budge-Budge.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM D.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under Section 11 of the Act.)

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Steamer.

1. The petroleum shall be stowed in such part of the steamer and in such manner as may be approved by the licensing officer, or any officer appointed by him in writing in this behalf.

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Boat.

1. No smoking, fire, or light of any description shall be allowed in the boat in which the petroleum is being carried so long as it is within the limits of the port of Calcutta and the municipalities enumerated in clauses (1) to (6), Rule 13 of these rules.

2. The boat conveying the petroleum shall also, from sunrise to sunset, show at its stern a red flag, 18 inches long and 12 inches broad, having the words "Petroleum Boat" marked on it in black letters.

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Cart.

1. The carts conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise or carry any light.

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Rail.

1. The petroleum shall be subject to all the regulations which may, from time to time, be prescribed generally or specially in that behalf by the railway authorities of the line or lines over which it may be conveyed.

E.

General license to transport Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum by cart under Rule 23.

No.

Fee Rs. 100.

A general license is hereby granted to _____ to transport petroleum by carts within the Lower Provinces of Bengal, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

This license shall continue in force till the

Dated the _____ day }
188 . }

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police
or District Magistrate.

F.

Pass granted by the holder of general license No. _____ for the transport of Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum by cart.

No.

This pass covers _____ cases containing _____ gallons of petroleum *bona fide*
the property of _____ while in transport from _____ to _____

Dated, _____ }
188 . }

Holder of general
license No. _____

ENDORSEMENT ON PASS.

(1). The carts containing the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise or carry any light.

(2). The number of the general license under cover of which this petroleum is transported shall be legibly marked on a conspicuous part of the last case on the cart.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO FRAME RULES
UNDER THE PETROLEUM ACT XII OF 1886.

WE, the members of the Committee appointed at the 479th Meeting of the Commissioners to consider and report upon the rules for the importation, transport, and storage of petroleum under Act XII of 1886, have the honour to submit the following report:—

Meetings of the Committee were held on the 28th June, and on the 5th and 7th of July.

The general tendency of the alterations which we have suggested is in the direction of relaxing the restrictions provided by the existing rules. We think that the experience of the last five years has shown that some precautions, which were thought necessary when the Act of 1881 was passed, may be dispensed with, and we desire to leave the trade as free as is compatible with public safety.

The rules fall under three general heads—importation, transport, and possession. The matters in respect of which rules may be made to regulate the importation of petroleum are specified in section 9 of the Act; rules relating to transport and possession fall under section 11.

In the preliminary section, we have substituted the testing officer appointed by Government for the Chemical Examiner to Government. This brings the rule into accordance with the wording of the Act, and the Chemical Examiner will not necessarily be the testing officer. He will probably be appointed in the first instance, but it will perhaps hereafter be found convenient to have a resident testing officer at Budge-Budge, so as to avoid the delay of sending the oil up to Calcutta to be tested.

In rule 3 we have raised the quantity of certificated petroleum which may be brought into the Port as part of a general cargo to 5,000 gallons. It has been represented to us that coasting steamers sometimes bring to Calcutta oil which has already passed the test at Bombay or elsewhere, and we think it unnecessary that such oil should be tested again. If the quantity is limited to 5,000 gallons, we think there is no danger of this liberty being abused.

Section 8 of the Act contemplates the possibility of the petroleum being discharged into boats instead of being landed, and we have modified the wording of rule 5 accordingly.

Rule 7 provides for a contingency which is apparently not covered by section 9 of the Act, and we therefore think the rule is necessary.

Rule 8 is intended to apply to the landing of petroleum both at the Budge-Budge wharf and at such other landing places within the Port as may be set aside for the landing of petroleum. We do not think that vessels which bring up 5,000 gallons of oil under rule 3 should be permitted to discharge the oil except at proper times and at suitable places.

The Act contemplates the fixing of fees for the sampling and testing of petroleum, and we accordingly give power in rule 9 to fix the fee at Rs. 5 for each sample tested. But we are disposed to think it unnecessary that this power should be exercised. The amount realized from such fees would be scarcely Rs. 1,000 a year, and it is not worth while, for so small a sum, to levy a charge which would certainly be unpopular, and might in some cases be troublesome to collect. We understand that no fees are charged at present for testing oil, and we recommend that Government should be asked to continue to allow the oil to be tested free of charge.

We have extended the rules for the possession of petroleum to the area at Budge-Budge surrounding the Commissioners' wharf and sheds. We think it undesirable, and indeed dangerous, that large quantities of petroleum should be stored in the immediate vicinity of the Commissioners' sheds, except under the precautions provided by the rules.

In rule 19 we have left the charge for storage licenses as it stands at present. The scale was fixed after full and long discussion, and though we understand that the dealers complain of it as too high, we have not found sufficient grounds for altering it. The matter appears to us of less importance,

because it is in contemplation to levy a municipal tax of 2 annas a case on all petroleum stored in the town, and if this proposal takes effect, the municipal tax will presumably be substituted for the present license fee.

Rule 23 declares that no license shall be required for the Port Commissioners' storage sheds at Budge-Budge or elsewhere. It is clearly unnecessary that these sheds, which are erected for the public convenience, should be licensed.

In the rules regarding transport, we have found it necessary to make special provision for the case of transport by carts. A cart does not take so much as 500 gallons of oil, and therefore no license is required for it; but the Advocate-General has given an opinion that a batch or string of carts, starting together, and conveying oil which is the property of one person, must be licensed. We propose to allow the owner of the oil to take out a general license, which shall be in force for 12 months, and to give passes to the cartmen who are in actual charge of the petroleum. A fee of Rs. 100 will be charged for such a general license. At the same time, we are of opinion that the earliest opportunity should be taken to vest Government with the power to free carts from the necessity for being licensed when carrying non-dangerous petroleum, not only because we are strongly of opinion that there is no necessity for interfering with the movement of non-dangerous petroleum when moved in quantities under 500 gallons on each cart, but also because the licensing of carts would lead to much public inconvenience, and probably be used as a means for extortion and oppression by native policemen. For special licenses, which will generally be for transport by boat, we have reduced the amount of the fee from Re. 1 per 1,000 gallons to Re. 1 per 5,000 gallons. We have authorized the Port Commissioners to grant transport licenses at Budge-Budge. It will manifestly be the most convenient plan that an owner who wishes to remove his oil from the sheds, should be able to obtain a license on the spot from the Superintendent of the Petroleum Wharf.

We recommend that the rules, as now revised, should be sent to the Commissioner of Police for communication to the Legal Remembrancer.

H. J. REYNOLDS.
W. DUFF BRUCE.
H. L. HARRISON.
J. L. MACKAY.
JAMES HENDERSON.
GEORGE IRVING.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th February 1887.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased,

Demrah ferry.
Ramkantpore.
Nobipore.
Dhanghora.
Bhoogati.
Ghoorka.

Ullapara.
Aranda.
Bysah.
Poorandanga.
Bharakola.
Boolgah.

in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 35 of the Bengal Ferries Act I (B.C.) of 1885, to direct that the ferries named in the margin, which are situated in the district of Pubna, shall be managed by the District Board of Pubna; and that all the proceeds of such ferries, and all the fines levied, and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof, shall be paid into the District Fund, with effect from the 1st October 1886.

district Board of Pubna; and that all the proceeds of such ferries, and all the fines levied, and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof, shall be paid into the District Fund, with effect from the 1st October 1886.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 2nd February 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a latrine in Imambagh Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land No. 39, Imambagh Lane, in Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, 2 cottahs only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north, east, and west portions of premises No. 39, Imambagh Lane, and on the south partly portion of premises No. 39, Imambagh Lane, and partly by Imambagh Lane.

A plan and specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Municipal Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 2nd February 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for acquiring and extending the private latrine in Nather Bagan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 11, Nather Bagan Street, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, 1 cottah and 8 chittacks only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north, east, and west portions of premises No. 11, Nather Bagan Street, and on the south a public road over sewered ditch.

A plan and specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Municipal Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 2nd February 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a latrine in Roop Baboo's Bagan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 64, Machooa Bazar Road, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring more, or less, 1 cottah 5 chittacks and 15 square feet only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north by a new road; on the south and east by portion of premises No. 64, Machooa Bazar Road; and on the west by a bustee road.

A plan and specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Municipal Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 2nd February 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a latrine in Kristo Bagan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 101, Upper Circular Road, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, 1 cottah and 8 chittacks only, is required.

The boundaries of the land are as follows:—On the north and west by portion of premises No. 101, Upper Circular Road; on the south by the new road; and on the east by the bustee road.

A plan and specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Municipal Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 8th February 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for acquiring a bye-lane leading from Jaun Bazar Street to Dharumtolla Street, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, No. 88, Dharumtolla Street, in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 7 chittacks only, is required.

The land is bounded as follows:—On the north by Dharumtolla Street; on the south by Jaun Bazar Street; and on the east and west by portions of premises No. 88, Dharumtolla Street.

A plan and specifications of the land are filed in the Office of the Municipal Commissioners for public information.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 22nd November last, was published at page 514, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th idem, declaring the Lieutenant-Governor's intention to sanction, under section 86 of the Bengal Municipal Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Chupra Municipality made at a meeting, the levy by the Commissioners of a tax under section 131 of the Act on carriages and on horses and other animals mentioned in the fifth Schedule of the Act, and of a fee under section 143 on the registration of carts kept or habitually used within the municipality; and whereas no good reasons have been shown to the contrary, it is notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor hereby sanctions the levy by the Commissioners of the Chupra Municipality of the said tax on carriages and on horses and other animals at rates not exceeding those specified in the said schedule, and of the said fee on the registration of carts.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 29, Act III (B.C.) of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor approves the election, by the members of the Jehanabad Local Board, in the district of Hooghly, of Baboo Purna Chandra Mittra, Sub-divisional Officer, to be their Chairman.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th February 1887.—Under section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1887, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order that a survey shall be made of the lands situated in the Town of Calcutta, and to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel W. Barron, a Deputy Superintendent of Survey under the Government of India, to be Superintendent of Survey for the purpose.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th February 1887.—The following draft of rules under sections 8 and 11 of the Petroleum Act, XII of 1886, together with the report of the Committee appointed to frame them, is published for general information, under section 26, clause (1) of the Act; and it is hereby notified, under clause (3) of the said section, that the draft rules will be taken into consideration on the expiry of one month from this date.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PROPOSED RULES UNDER THE NEW PETROLEUM ACT, XII OF 1886.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 8 and 11 of the Petroleum Act, 1886, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to make the following rules to regulate the importation, possession, and transport of petroleum:—

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) All words and expressions used in these rules, and defined in the Act, shall in these rules have the meanings respectively assigned to them by the Act.

(2) In these rules "petroleum declared dangerous" means petroleum which the master of a ship has declared under rule 2 to be dangerous petroleum.

"Certificated petroleum" means petroleum covered by a certificate granted at the port of shipment of such description as the Local Government may from time to time by written order prescribe, and to the effect that the petroleum is not dangerous petroleum.

"Uncertificated petroleum" means petroleum which the master of the ship has not declared under rule 2 to be dangerous petroleum, and which is not covered by a certificate as aforesaid.

"Petroleum reported dangerous" means petroleum stated in a report signed by the Testing Officer appointed by Government, and deposited in the office of the Port Commissioners, to be dangerous petroleum.

"Petroleum reported not dangerous" means petroleum stated in a report as aforesaid not to be dangerous petroleum.

IMPORTATION AT CALCUTTA.

2. The master of every ship bound for Calcutta and carrying petroleum shall, before reaching Budge-Budge, declare in writing to the pilot—

- (a) What quantity of petroleum the ship is carrying.
- (b) Whether any and, if so, what part of the petroleum is dangerous.
- (c) Whether any and, if so, what part of the petroleum is certificated.

When the master declares that any petroleum is certificated, he shall produce to the pilot the certificate covering the same.

3. If the petroleum is in iron drums with a certified flashing point above 80° by Abel's test and does not exceed 5,000 gallons in quantity,

Or if it is petroleum which has been certified not to be dangerous under section 9 of the Act, and has come from a port in British India as part of a general cargo, and the quantity does not exceed 5,000 gallons,

Or if it is certificated petroleum not exceeding 5,000 gallons in quantity and the master produces the certificate to the pilot,

Or if it is dangerous or uncertificated petroleum not exceeding 40 gallons in quantity, the ship may proceed to any mooring in the port and there discharge the petroleum.

4. Any ship having on board a larger quantity of petroleum than is allowed under rule 3 shall not proceed upwards further than Budge-Budge, and such petroleum, whether landed at the petroleum wharf or otherwise discharged, shall be detained there pending the grant of an import license under section 5 of the Petroleum Act, or the issue of a certificate under section 9, or the orders of the Local Government for the disposal of the same.

5. (1) When a ship is stopped at Budge-Budge under rule 4, the Superintendent of the Petroleum Wharf shall, as soon as possible, not exceeding 48 hours from the time of the petroleum being landed or discharged into boats, obtain samples of all the oil thus landed or discharged.

(2) Every different quality of oil shall be separately sampled, and when oil is represented to be of uniform quality, a sample shall be taken from one case in every 10,000 cases.

(3) The Superintendent shall forthwith seal the receptacles containing the samples, and having labelled them with the name of the ship, the name of the consignee, and such other distinguishing marks as may be necessary, shall forward them to the Testing Officer for report.

6. The Testing Officer shall, as soon as practicable, and ordinarily within 24 hours, after the receipt of the samples, sign a report certifying that they are, or are not, dangerous petroleum (as the case may be), and shall forward such report to the office of the Port Commissioners, sending also a copy of the same to the Commissioner of Police of Calcutta.

7. No petroleum shall be removed from the wharf limits at Budge-Budge until it has been certified to be not dangerous, except in accordance with a license granted under section 5 of the Act.

8. Unless with the written permission of the Commissioners, no petroleum shall be discharged or landed within the port of Calcutta, except between day-light and dark, and at the wharves expressly set apart for the landing of petroleum.

9. The fee for sampling and testing petroleum shall be five rupees for each sample tested.

10. No smoking, fire, or light of any description shall be allowed at the Budge-Budge Petroleum Wharf, and no receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened or the contents drawn off, within the bunds enclosing the sheds constructed for the storage of petroleum, except in such special place or places in the depôt as may be set apart by the Port Commissioners for that purpose.

IMPORTATION AT OTHER PORTS.

11. The master of every ship conveying petroleum shall, on entering a port in the Lower Provinces of Bengal other than the port of Calcutta, give intimation of the quantity and description of the petroleum to the Magistrate of the district, and shall not allow more than three gallons of dangerous petroleum to be removed from the ship for delivery to any one person, except upon the production by the consignee or his agent of a license under section 5 or section 6 of the Act (as the case may be) to possess the same.

GENERAL.

12. Nothing in the foregoing rules applies to petroleum comprised in a ship's stores, and manifested as such, provided it is not of unreasonably large amount. If any question arises as to whether any petroleum, manifested as ship's stores, is of an unreasonably large amount, the decision thereon of the Port Commissioners in Calcutta, and of the Magistrate of the district elsewhere, shall be final.

Possession of Petroleum.

13. The following rules shall extend, so far as they apply to dangerous petroleum, to all the territories administered by the Lieutenant-Governor, and so far as they apply to other petroleum, only to—

- (1) the Town and Port of Calcutta;
- (2) the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta;
- (3) the North Suburban Municipality;
- (4) the South Suburban Municipality;
- (5) the area at Budge-Budge bounded as follows:—On the north by the Budge-Budge Road, on the east by the Aitchheepore Road, on the south by the Gurria Khal, and on the west by the river Hooghly.
- (6) the Municipality of Howrah.

14. Licenses for the possession of petroleum within the town of Calcutta shall be granted only when—(1) the quantity of petroleum to be kept in one place does not exceed 50,000 gallons, and (2) the place intended to be used for the keeping of the petroleum fulfils the following conditions, viz:—(a) If the quantity of petroleum to be kept in the place does not exceed 5,000 gallons, the building itself shall be constructed of masonry with a terraced or iron roof, and the doorways and other openings of the building shall be built up to a height of not less than two feet above the level of the road or street, or the floor shall be sunk at least two feet below the level of the road or street, so that the petroleum cannot flow out of the place in case of fire. (b) If the quantity of petroleum to be kept in the place exceeds 5,000 gallons, but does not exceed 50,000 gallons, the building itself shall be constructed of masonry with a terraced or iron roof, and the doorways and other openings of the building shall be built up to a height of not less than three feet above the level of the road or street, or the floor shall be sunk at least three feet below the level of the road or street, so that the petroleum cannot flow out of the place in case of fire, and there shall be a clear open space of at least 20 feet round the building.

15. Licenses for the possession of petroleum outside the town of Calcutta shall, if the quantity of petroleum to be kept in the place does not exceed 50,000 gallons, be granted on the same terms as those granted in Calcutta for the possession in one place of not more than 5,000 gallons. If a license for the possession in one place of a larger quantity than 5,000 gallons be required, the license shall be granted on the same conditions as those granted in Calcutta for the possession in one place of petroleum exceeding in quantity 5,000 gallons; provided that, if the place in which the petroleum is to be kept is situated within one hundred yards of the river Hooghly or Tolly's Nullah, or the Circular Canal, the building shall further be surrounded by a wall or earthen embankment not less than four feet high with a trench close to, and completely surrounding, the building, of sufficient capacity to hold all the petroleum stored, and to prevent its escape beyond the limits of the trench in case of fire.

16. The Magistrate of the district, or in Calcutta the Commissioner of Police, or any police officer of or above the rank of head-constable appointed by him in writing for this purpose, may enter any place in respect of which a license for the possession of petroleum has been granted, for the purpose of inspecting the same at any time after sunrise and before sunset.

17. The Magistrate of the district, Commissioner of Police, or any police officer as aforesaid may require a sample to be delivered to him from any receptacle containing petroleum stored in any licensed premises. The procedure prescribed in sections 12, 13, and 14 of the Act shall apply to any demand for samples made under this rule and to the testing of such samples.

18. The following fees shall be charged for licenses for the possession of petroleum under the Act in places situated within the town of Calcutta, the Municipality of the suburbs of Calcutta, and the Municipality of Howrah:—

Licenses for the possession of dangerous petroleum—

When the quantity to be stored exceeds 40 gallons (section 5), for every 40 gallons or fraction of 40 gallons	...	...	...	5
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 3 gallons, but does not exceed 40 gallons (section 6)	...	...	...	3

Rs.

Rs.

Licenses for the possession of other petroleum—

When the quantity to be stored does not exceed 1,000 gallons	...	...	...	12
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 1,000 gallons, but does not exceed 5,000 gallons	...	...	...	2 extra for each 1,000 gallons, or part of 1,000 gallons.
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 5,000 gallons	...	...	...	4 for every (additional) 1,000 gallons or part of 1,000 gallons, in excess of 5,000 gallons.

19. The fees for licenses for the possession of petroleum in places situated beyond the limits of the town of Calcutta, the Municipality of the suburbs of Calcutta, or the Municipality of Howrah, shall be half those prescribed in rule 18.

20. Every license for the possession of petroleum in any place shall specify the maximum quantity of petroleum which may be stored in that place.

21. Licenses for the possession of petroleum shall be in force for one year, from the date of the grant of the license, provided that the licensing officer may at any time, for good and sufficient reason, cancel a license.

22. No license shall be necessary for the Port Commissioners' sheds at Budge-Budge: nor shall any license be required for sheds used by the Port Commissioners for the temporary storage of petroleum brought into the port under rule 3.

Transport of Petroleum.

23. Licenses for the transport of petroleum reported not dangerous in quantities not exceeding 500 gallons may be either general or special. General licenses for a period of twelve months shall be issued for transport by cart only. Such licenses shall authorize the holders to transport by cart any petroleum *bonâ fide* their own property without restriction as to destination or quantity.

24. The holder of a general license shall with each consignment of petroleum conveyed under cover of his license issue a pass in Form F appended to these rules, specifying the places from and to which the petroleum is to be conveyed, and the quantity of petroleum covered by it. Each pass shall be numbered, and the number of the general license shall be legibly marked on a conspicuous part of the last case on the cart.

25. Special licenses for the transport of petroleum shall be in force for such period not exceeding six months from the date of the grant of the license as may be specified in the license.

26. Every special license for the transport of petroleum shall specify the places from and to which respectively the petroleum is to be conveyed, the quantity of petroleum covered by the license, and the time for which the license is in force.

27. Applications for special licenses for the transport of petroleum by rail, by boat, and by steamer, or by two or more of these modes of conveyance, shall specify the description and quality of petroleum to be transported, and the places from and to which respectively the petroleum is to be conveyed, and shall describe the receptacles in which it is to be contained.

28. When a license has been granted under these rules for the transport of petroleum, the Magistrate of the district, or in Calcutta the Commissioner of Police, or any police officer of or above the rank of head constable appointed by him in writing for this purpose, may, at any time after sunrise and before sunset, and on or before the arrival of the petroleum at its place of destination, board any steamer or boat, or detain any cart in respect of which a license for the transport of petroleum has been granted, for the purpose of inspecting the license and seeing whether its provisions are being complied with.

29. The following fees shall be charged for licenses for the transport of petroleum under the Act:—

	Rs.
License for the transport of dangerous petroleum—	
When the quantity to be transported exceeds 40 gallons (section 5), for every 40 gallons or fraction of 40 gallons ...	4
When the quantity to be transported exceeds 3 gallons, but does not exceed 40 gallons (section 6) ...	2
Special license for the transport of other petroleum—	
When the quantity to be transported does not exceed 5,000 gallons	1
For every additional 5,000 gallons, or a part of 5,000 gallons ...	1
* General license for the transport of petroleum by cart for twelve months ...	100

General.

30. Licenses for the possession or transport of dangerous petroleum in quantities exceeding 40 gallons will be granted, subject to the provisions of section 5 of the Act, under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Municipal Department, on the recommendation of the Commissioner of Police, if the application for the license is made in Calcutta, or of the Commissioner of the Division, if the application is made elsewhere.

Applications for such licenses should be made through the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, or the Divisional Commissioner, as the case may be.

31. Licenses for the possession or transport of dangerous petroleum in quantities not exceeding 40 gallons, and licenses for the possession or transport of other petroleum, will be granted in Calcutta by the Commissioner of Police or Deputy Commissioner of Police, at Budge-Budge by the Port Commissioners, and elsewhere by the Magistrate of the district, or by such other officer as the Local Government may from time to time, by an order in writing, appoint in this behalf.

32. Subject to the restrictions contained in section 5 of the Act, and Rules 14 and 15 of these rules, the licensing officer may, in his discretion, grant a license for the possession or transport of such quantity of petroleum as he thinks fit.

33. The licensing officer may, for special reasons to be reported to Government, refuse a license in any case.

34. Licenses granted under these rules shall be in the forms, and shall have endorsed on them the conditions, respectively, prescribed for them in the schedule hereto annexed. Every such license shall, on the breach of any such condition, be liable to be forfeited.

35. Every application for the renewal of a license shall be made in the same manner as an application for an original license. Every such application shall be made at a date not less than 15 days before the date on which the original license expires. The same fee shall be charged for the renewal of a license as for a new license.

SCHEDULE.

Form of License.

A.

License to possess dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 5 or Section 6 of Act XII of 1886.

No. _____ Fee Rs. _____
 LICENSE is hereby granted to _____ for the storage, in the place described below, of _____ gallons of dangerous petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.
 Description of place above referred to, _____

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police, } When the amount of petroleum does
 or Magistrate of the District. } not exceed 40 gallons.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM A.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under Section 8 of the Act.)

Conditions.

1. No goods of a combustible nature shall be stored in the licensed place.
2. No cask or other receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened, or the oil drawn off, within the building in which the petroleum is stored.
3. No smoking, light, or fire in any form shall be permitted at any time within such building.

4. If the licensing officer calls on the holder of the license, by a notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the licensed place which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the place, the holder of the license shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one week from the date of the receipt of the notice, as may be fixed by the notice.

5. The license-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity of dangerous petroleum exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a license under section 5 or 6 of the Act. For the delivery of any quantity of such petroleum not exceeding three gallons, he must observe the condition of sections 6 and 7 of the Act.

B

License to possess Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 10 of Act XII of 1886.

No.

Fee Rs.

LICENSE is hereby granted to _____ for the storage, in the place described below, of _____ cases containing _____ gallons of petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license

Description of the place above referred to.

The _____ 188 . . . Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police.
District Magistrate.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM B.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under Section 11 of the Act.)

Conditions.

1. No goods of a combustible nature shall be stored in the licensed place.
2. No cask or other receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened, or the oil drawn off, within the building in which the petroleum is stored.
3. No smoking, light, or fire in any form shall be permitted at any time within such building.
4. If the licensing officer calls on the holder of the license, by notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the licensed place which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the place, the holder of the license shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one week from the date of the receipt of the notice as may be fixed by the notice.

C.

License for transport of dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 5 or Section 6 of Act XII of 1886.

No.

Fee Rs.

LICENSE is hereby given to _____ of _____ to transport _____ cases containing in all _____ gallons of dangerous petroleum from _____ to _____, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license, and by the following route, namely—

The amount of petroleum in each case is stated below.

This license shall continue in force till the _____ day of _____ 188 .

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police.
Magistrate of the district.

} In the case of the transport of
dangerous petroleum in amount
not exceeding 40 gallons.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM C.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under section 11 of the Act.)

Conditions.

1. The petroleum shall be carried (here describe mode or modes of conveyance).
2. When the petroleum is carried by steamer, it shall be stowed in such part of the steamer and in such manner as may be approved by the licensing officer or any officer appointed by him in writing in this behalf.

3. When the petroleum is carried by rail, it shall be subject to all the regulations which may, from time to time, be prescribed generally or specially in that behalf by the railway authorities of the line or lines over which it may be conveyed.

4. When the petroleum is being carried by boat, no smoking, fire, or light of any description shall be allowed in the boat so long as it is within the limits of the port of Calcutta and the municipalities named in clauses (1) to (6), Rule 13 of these rules. The boat conveying the petroleum shall also, from sunrise to sunset, show at its stern a red flag, 18 inches long and 12 inches broad, having the words "Petroleum Boat" marked on it in black letters.

5. When the petroleum is carried by cart, the cart conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise, or carry any light.

6. The license-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a license under section 5 or 6 of the Act. For the delivery of any quantity of petroleum not exceeding three gallons, he must observe the conditions of sections 6 and 7 of the Act.

7. Should the Commissioner of Police or any Magistrate through whose jurisdiction the petroleum may pass consider it necessary to send a guard with the petroleum covered by this license, an extra fee shall be paid sufficient to cover the cost of such guard.

D.

License to transport Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 10 of Act XII of 1886.

No.	Fee Rs.
LICENSE is hereby granted to cases containing to transport from gallons of petroleum, subject to the rules and condi- tions on the back of this license.	to
This license shall continue in force only till the	day of 188
Dated the day } 188 }	Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police. District Magistrate. Superintendent of Petroleum Wharf at Budge-Budge.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM D.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under Section 11 of the Act.)

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Steamer.

1. The petroleum shall be stowed in such part of the steamer and in such manner as may be approved by the licensing officer, or any officer appointed by him in writing in this behalf.

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Boat.

1. No smoking, fire, or light of any description shall be allowed in the boat in which the petroleum is being carried so long as it is within the limits of the port of Calcutta and the municipalities enumerated in clauses (1) to (6), Rule 13 of these rules.

2. The boat conveying the petroleum shall also, from sunrise to sunset, show at its stern a red flag, 18 inches long and 12 inches broad, having the words "Petroleum Boat" marked on it in black letters.

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Cart.

1. The carts conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise or carry any light.

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Rail.

1. The petroleum shall be subject to all the regulations which may, from time to time, be prescribed generally or specially in that behalf by the railway authorities of the line or lines over which it may be conveyed.

E.

General license to transport Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum by cart under Rule 23.

No.

Fee Rs. 100.

A general license is hereby granted to _____ to transport petroleum by carts within the Lower Provinces of Bengal, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

This license shall continue in force till the

Dated the

day

188

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police

or District Magistrate.

F.

Pass granted by the holder of general license No. _____ for the transport of Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum by cart.

No.

This pass covers

cases containing

gallons of petroleum *bona fide*

the property of

while in transport from

to

Dated

188

Holder of general

license No.

ENDORSEMENT ON PASS.

(1). The carts containing the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise or carry any light.

(2). The number of the general license under cover of which this petroleum is transported shall be legibly marked on a conspicuous part of the last case on the cart.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO FRAME RULES UNDER THE PETROLEUM ACT XII OF 1886.

WE, the members of the Committee appointed at the 479th Meeting of the Commissioners to consider and report upon the rules for the importation, transport, and storage of petroleum under Act XII of 1886, have the honour to submit the following report:—

Meetings of the Committee were held on the 28th June, and on the 5th and 7th of July.

The general tendency of the alterations which we have suggested is in the direction of relaxing the restrictions provided by the existing rules. We think that the experience of the last five years has shown that some precautions, which were thought necessary when the Act of 1881 was passed, may be dispensed with, and we desire to leave the trade as free as is compatible with public safety.

The rules fall under three general heads—importation, transport, and possession. The matters in respect of which rules may be made to regulate the importation of petroleum are specified in section 9 of the Act; rules relating to transport and possession fall under section 11.

In the preliminary section, we have substituted the testing officer appointed by Government for the Chemical Examiner to Government. This brings the rule into accordance with the wording of the Act, and the Chemical Examiner will not necessarily be the testing officer. He will probably be appointed in the first instance, but it will perhaps hereafter be found convenient to have a resident testing officer at Budge-Budge, so as to avoid the delay of sending the oil up to Calcutta to be tested.

In rule 3 we have raised the quantity of certificated petroleum which may be brought into the Port as part of a general cargo to 5,000 gallons. It has been represented to us that coasting steamers sometimes bring to Calcutta oil which has already passed the test at Bombay or elsewhere, and we think it unnecessary that such oil should be tested again. If the quantity is limited to 5,000 gallons, we think there is no danger of this liberty being abused.

Section 8 of the Act contemplates the possibility of the petroleum being discharged into boats instead of being landed, and we have modified the wording of rule 5 accordingly.

Rule 7 provides for a contingency which is apparently not covered by section 9 of the Act, and we therefore think the rule is necessary.

Rule 8 is intended to apply to the landing of petroleum both at the Budge-Budge wharf and at such other landing places within the Port as may be set aside for the landing of petroleum. We do not think that vessels which bring up 5,000 gallons of oil under rule 3 should be permitted to discharge the oil except at proper times and at suitable places.

The Act contemplates the fixing of fees for the sampling and testing of petroleum, and we accordingly give power in rule 9 to fix the fee at Rs. 5 for each sample tested. But we are disposed to think it unnecessary that this power should be exercised. The amount realized from such fees would be scarcely Rs. 1,000 a year, and it is not worth while, for so small a sum, to levy a charge which would certainly be unpopular, and might in some cases be troublesome to collect. We understand that no fees are charged at present for testing oil, and we recommend that Government should be asked to continue to allow the oil to be tested free of charge.

We have extended the rules for the possession of petroleum to the area at Budge-Budge surrounding the Commissioners' wharf and sheds. We think it undesirable, and indeed dangerous, that large quantities of petroleum should be stored in the immediate vicinity of the Commissioners' sheds, except under the precautions provided by the rules.

In rule 19 we have left the charge for storage licenses as it stands at present. The scale was fixed after full and long discussion, and though we understand that the dealers complain of it as too high, we have not found sufficient grounds for altering it. The matter appears to us of less importance, because it is in contemplation to levy a municipal tax of 2 annas a case on all petroleum stored in the town, and if this proposal takes effect, the municipal tax will presumably be substituted for the present license fee.

Rule 23 declares that no license shall be required for the Port Commissioners' storage sheds at Budge-Budge or elsewhere. It is clearly unnecessary that these sheds, which are erected for the public convenience, should be licensed.

In the rules regarding transport, we have found it necessary to make special provision for the case of transport by carts. A cart does not take so much as 500 gallons of oil, and therefore no license is required for it; but the Advocate-General has given an opinion that a batch or string of carts, starting together, and conveying oil which is the property of one person, must be licensed. We propose to allow the owner of the oil to take out a general license, which shall be in force for 12 months, and to give passes to the cartmen who are in actual charge of the petroleum. A fee of Rs. 100 will be charged for such a general license. At the same time, we are of opinion that the earliest opportunity should be taken to vest Government with the power to free carts from the necessity for being licensed when carrying non-dangerous petroleum, not only because we are strongly of opinion that there is no necessity for interfering with the movement of non-dangerous petroleum when moved in quantities under 500 gallons on each cart, but also because the licensing of carts would lead to much public inconvenience, and probably be used as a means for extortion and oppression by native policemen. For special licenses, which will generally be for transport by boat, we have reduced the amount of the fee from Re. 1 per 1,000 gallons to Re. 1 per 5,000 gallons. We have authorized the Port Commissioners to grant transport licenses at Budge-Budge. It will manifestly be the most convenient plan that an owner who wishes to remove his oil from the sheds, should be able to obtain a license on the spot from the Superintendent of the Petroleum Wharf.

We recommend that the rules, as now revised, should be sent to the Commissioner of Police for communication to the Legal Remembrancer.

H. J. REYNOLDS.
W. DUFF BRUCE.
H. L. HARRISON.
J. L. MACKAY.
JAMES HENDERSON.
GEORGE IRVING

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the powers vested in him by section 180 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1880, to confirm the following bye-laws which have been framed by the District Road Committee of Bhagulpore at a meeting, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification :—

Bye-laws.

I. No person shall allow any elephant in his charge to pass over any bridge, unless the same be of arched masonry.

II. No person shall lead or drive any loaded cart up or down the slopes of any road except where crossings are provided.

III. No person shall injure, or in any way damage, any structure, permanent or temporary, belonging to a road.

IV. No person shall damage or encroach on any part of a road, its slopes or side ditches, by taking earth therefrom, cultivating crops, placing a fence, hut, stall, or other obstruction thereon, or by constructing *bunds* for the reserving of water so as to abut thereon.

V. No person shall, without the special permission of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the Committee in whose charge the road may be, or any officer authorised in this behalf by them, cut any part of a road for irrigation or other purposes.

VI. No person shall obstruct the drainage of any road, or allow any sewage, rubbish, or offensive matter, as defined in the Bengal Municipal Act, to fall into any side drain.

VII. No person shall commit a nuisance on any road, or on the slopes or drains of any road.

VIII. No person shall destroy, damage, or remove any tree or any fence erected for the protection of any tree or any post or fence erected at cost of the Road Cess fund whatsoever on any road.

IX. No person shall cut or scrape grass from the slopes or side ditches of any road, or tether cattle in such a manner that they can stray upon such road or on the slopes or side ditches of any such road.

X. No person shall, without the permission defined in bye-law No. V, deposit or stack articles of any kind on any portion of the crest or slope of a road so as to obstruct the traffic of the road, or cause inconvenience to the public or injury to the road or waterways.

XI. No person owning trees alongside a road shall allow branches to overhang the road so as to impede traffic passing on it, interfere with the drainage of it, or prevent its drying.

XII. No elephant or camel shall be allowed to remain upon a road, but shall be at once removed therefrom to safe distance by the person in charge of it upon the approach of any person riding or driving a horse, and before such person has come to within 100 yards of such elephant or camel.

XIII. Any person infringing any of the above bye-laws shall, for every such offence, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10, or, in the case of a continuing offence, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for each day during which such offence is continued after conviction therefore.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 26th November 1886, was published at page 521, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st December 1886, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to sanction, under section 85(a) of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Jamui Municipality, in the district of Monghyr, made at a meeting, the levy by the Commissioners of a tax upon persons occupying holdings within the Municipality, according to their circumstances and property within the Municipality, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposed measure, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the levy by the Commissioners of the Jamui Municipality of the said tax within the limits of the Municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 26th November 1886, was published at page 520, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st December 1886, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to sanction, under section 86 (b) of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Jamui Municipality, in the district of Monghyr, made at a meeting, the levy by the Commissioners, under section 143 of the Act, of a fee on the registration, under section 142, of all carts which are kept or habitually used within the Municipality, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposed measure, it is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the levy by the Commissioners of the Jamui Municipality of the said fee within the limits of the Municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 26th November 1886, was published at page 520, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st December 1886, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to sanction, under section 86 (a) of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Jamui Municipality, in the district of Monghyr, made at a meeting, the levy by the Commissioners, under section 131 of the Act, of a tax on carriages and on horses and other animals which are kept or habitually used within the Municipality at rates not exceeding those mentioned in the fifth schedule of the Act, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposed measure, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the levy by the Commissioners of the Jamui Municipality of the said tax within the limits of the Municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 1st October 1886, announcing the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to confirm a bye-law framed by the Commissioners of the Darjeeling Municipality, under section 350 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, was published at page 479, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th idem, and whereas no objection has been raised to the bye-law in question, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 351 of the said Act, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Darjeeling Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor confirms the bye-law which is set forth below :—

“No person shall carry any sewage or offensive matter through the streets except within such hours as may be fixed by the Commissioners or otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, or use any places other than those approved of or set apart by the Commissioners for the purpose of depositing such sewage or offensive matter.”

“The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.”

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 19th January 1886, was published at page 14, Part IB, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of Part X of Act III (B.C.) of 1884 to the Comillah Municipality, in the district of Tipperah, and whereas no objection has been raised within one month from the date of the publication of the above notification within the municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of the Act, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the extension of the provisions of Part X to the said Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the South Barrackpore Municipality, in the district of the 24 Pergunnahs, made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of Part IX of the Act to the portions of the said municipality specified below, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

Ward No. II.—

Ward No. III.—Excepting the portion lying between Titaghur khal on the north and the Barrackpore Trunk Road on the west.

Wards Nos. IV, VI, VIII, IX and X.—Excepting the portions, lying to the east of the Barrackpore Trunk Road, and the railway premises at Khurdah, Sodepore, and Titaghur.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the South Dum-Dum Municipality, in the district of the 24 Pergunnahs, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor intends to extend the provisions of Part IX of the said Act to the above Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 16, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Kali Podo Mozumdar to be a Commissioner of the Jamalpore Municipality, in the district of Monghyr, *vice* Baboo Madhu Sudan Rai, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. W. H. D'Oyly, c.s., to be Chairman of the Durbhunga Municipality, *vice* Mr. J. C. Price.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—In modification of the notification, dated 2nd September 1886, published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1, Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that all births shall be registered in the places mentioned below, with effect from the 1st October next:—

Districts.	Names of places.	Districts.	Names of places.
Burdwan ...	Dainhat Municipality.	Jessore ...	Mohespore Municipality.
Howrah ...	Bali "	Dinagepore ...	Dinagepore "
24-Pergunnahs	{ Rajpore "	Bogra ...	{ Bogra "
	{ Barripore "		{ Sherepore "
	{ Bussirhat "	Sonthal Per- gunnahs.	Sahibgunge "
	{ Joynugger "		
	{ Taki "	Cuttack ...	{ Jajpore "
Khoolna ...	{ Baduria "		
	{ Goberdanga "	Lohardugga ...	Ranchi "
	{ Satkhira "		
Nuddea ...	{ Chunduria "	Manbhoom ...	Purulia "
	{ Debhatta "		
	{ Kooshtea "		
	{ Beernagore "		
	{ Nuddea "		

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—In modification of the notification, dated the 2nd September 1886, published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, it is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1 of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880, to extend the provisions of that Act to the municipalities mentioned below, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification:—

District.	Name of Municipality.	District.	Name of Municipality.
Hooghly ...	Jehanabad.	Patna ...	{ Behar.
Dinagepore ...	Dinagepore.		{ Barh.
Rajshahye ...	Nattore.	Shahabad ...	{ Buxar.
Darjeeling ...	Kurseong.		{ Doomraon.
Julpigoree ...	Julpigoree.		{ Sasseram.
			{ Jugdispore.
Dacca ...	{ Dacca.	Durbhunga ...	{ Bhubooah.
	{ Naruingunge.		Madhubani.
Furreedpore ...	{ Furreedpore.	Mozufferpore ...	{ Sitamarhi.
	{ Madaripore.		{ Lalgunge.
Backergunge ...	{ Barrisal.	Sarun ...	{ Chupra.
	{ Jhallokatti.		{ Sewan.
	{ Nalchitti.	Chumparun ...	{ Bettiah.
Mymensingh ...	{ Janalpore.		{ Motihari.
	{ Nusseerabad.	Maldah ...	English Bazar.
	{ Sherepore.		
	{ Kishoregunge.	Cuttack ...	{ Jajpore.
	{ Bazitpore.		{ Kendrapara.
Tipperah ...	{ Mooktagacha.	Balasore ...	Balasore.
	{ Commillah.		Pooree.
Noakhally ...	{ Brahmunberiah.	Pooree ...	Pooree.
	Sudharam.		Ranchi.
Chittagong ...	Chittagong.	Lohardugga ...	Ranchi.
		Manbhoom ...	Purulia.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1, Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that all births and deaths shall be registered in the Khulna Municipality, with effect from the 1st April next.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1 of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880, the Lieutenant-Governor intends to extend the provisions of the Act to the Municipality of Khoolna, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification within the above Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1, Act V (B.C.) of 1880, to extend the provisions of the said Act to the Purneah Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification within the aforesaid Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 2nd September 1886, was published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to the Comillah Municipality, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposal within six weeks from the date of the publication of the notification within the municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 1 of the Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the Act to the said municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 2nd September 1886, was published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to the Brahmumberia Municipality, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposal within six weeks from the date of the publication of the notification within the municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 1 of the Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the Act to the said municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 2nd September 1886, was published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to the Noakhally (Sudharam) Municipality, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposal within six weeks from the date of the publication of the notification within the municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 1 of the Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the Act to the said municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1 of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880, the Lieutenant-Governor intends to extend the provisions of the Act to the Municipality of Jamui, in the district of Monghyr, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification within the above Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1, Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that all births and deaths shall be registered in the Jamui Municipality, in the district of Monghyr, with effect from the 1st April next.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1, Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that all births and deaths shall be registered in the Madaripore Municipality, in the district of Furreedpore, with effect from the 1st April next.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 2nd September 1886, announcing the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to the Ranchi Municipality was published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposal within six weeks from the date of the publication of the notification within the Municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1 of the said Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the provisions of the Act to the said Municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 2nd September 1886, announcing the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to the municipalities noted in the margin, was published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposal within six weeks from the date of the publication of the notification within those municipalities, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1 of the said Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the provisions of the Act to the said municipalities, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

Bohar	Municipality.
Bah	"
Buxar	"
Dumraon	"
Sasseram	"
Bhuboah	"
Madhubani	"
Sitamarhi	"
Lalgunge	"
Chupra	"
Sewan	"
Bettiah	"
Motihari	"

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1, Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that all births and deaths shall be registered in the Baraset Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, with effect from the 1st April next.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—It is notified that so much of the notification, dated the 10th December 1886, extending Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to certain municipalities in the Rajshahye Division as relates to the Serajgunge Municipality, which appeared at page 537, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, is hereby cancelled.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 2nd September 1886, announcing the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to the Old Maldah Municipality was published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposal within six weeks from the date of the publication of the notification within the municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1 of the said Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the provisions of the Act to the said municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th February 1887.—The following draft of rules under sections 8 and 11 of the Petroleum Act, XII of 1886, together with the report of the Committee appointed to frame them, is published for general information, under section 26, clause (1) of the Act; and it is hereby notified, under clause (3) of the said section, that the draft rules will be taken into consideration on the expiry of one month from this date.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PROPOSED RULES UNDER THE NEW PETROLEUM ACT, XII OF 1886.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by sections 8 and 11 of the Petroleum Act, 1886, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to make the following rules to regulate the importation, possession, and transport of petroleum:—

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) All words and expressions used in these rules, and defined in the Act, shall in these rules have the meanings respectively assigned to them by the Act.
- (2) In these rules "petroleum declared dangerous" means petroleum which the master of a ship has declared under rule 2 to be dangerous petroleum.
- "Certificated petroleum" means petroleum covered by a certificate granted at the port of shipment of such description as the Local Government may from time to time by written order prescribe, and to the effect that the petroleum is not dangerous petroleum.
- "Uncertificated petroleum" means petroleum which the master of the ship has not declared under rule 2 to be dangerous petroleum, and which is not covered by a certificate as aforesaid.
- "Petroleum reported dangerous" means petroleum stated in a report signed by the Testing Officer appointed by Government, and deposited in the office of the Port Commissioners, to be dangerous petroleum.
- "Petroleum reported not dangerous" means petroleum stated in a report as aforesaid not to be dangerous petroleum.

IMPORTATION AT CALCUTTA.

2. The master of every ship bound for Calcutta and carrying petroleum shall, before reaching Budge-Budge, declare in writing to the pilot—

- (a) What quantity of petroleum the ship is carrying.
- (b) Whether any and, if so, what part of the petroleum is dangerous.
- (c) Whether any and, if so, what part of the petroleum is certificated.

When the master declares that any petroleum is certificated, he shall produce to the pilot the certificate covering the same.

3. If the petroleum is in iron drums with a certified flashing point above 80° by Abel's test and does not exceed 5,000 gallons in quantity,

Or if it is petroleum which has been certified not to be dangerous under section 9 of the Act, and has come from a port in British India as part of a general cargo, and the quantity does not exceed 5,000 gallons,

Or if it is certificated petroleum not exceeding 5,000 gallons in quantity and the master produces the certificate to the pilot,

Or if it is dangerous or uncertificated petroleum not exceeding 40 gallons in quantity, the ship may proceed to any mooring in the port and there discharge the petroleum.

4. Any ship having on board a larger quantity of petroleum than is allowed under rule 3 shall not proceed upwards further than Budge-Budge, and such petroleum, whether landed at the petroleum wharf or otherwise discharged, shall be detained there pending the grant of an import license under section 5 of the Petroleum Act, or the issue of a certificate under section 9, or the orders of the Local Government for the disposal of the same.

5. (1) When a ship is stopped at Budge-Budge under rule 4, the Superintendent of the Petroleum Wharf shall, as soon as possible, not exceeding 48 hours from the time of the petroleum being landed or discharged into boats, obtain samples of all the oil thus landed or discharged.

(2) Every different quality of oil shall be separately sampled, and when oil is represented to be of uniform quality, a sample shall be taken from one case in every 10,000 cases.

(3) The Superintendent shall forthwith seal the receptacles containing the samples, and having labelled them with the name of the ship, the name of the consignee, and such other distinguishing marks as may be necessary, shall forward them to the Testing Officer for report.

6. The Testing Officer shall, as soon as practicable, and ordinarily within 24 hours, after the receipt of the samples, sign a report certifying that they are, or are not, dangerous petroleum (as the case may be), and shall forward such report to the office of the Port Commissioners, sending also a copy of the same to the Commissioner of Police of Calcutta.

7. No petroleum shall be removed from the wharf limits at Budge-Budge until it has been certified to be not dangerous, except in accordance with a license granted under section 5 of the Act.

8. Unless with the written permission of the Commissioners, no petroleum shall be discharged or landed within the port of Calcutta, except between day-light and dark, and at the wharves expressly set apart for the landing of petroleum.

9. The fee for sampling and testing petroleum shall be five rupees for each sample tested.

10. No smoking, fire, or light of any description shall be allowed at the Budge-Budge Petroleum Wharf, and no receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened or the contents drawn off, within the bunds enclosing the sheds constructed for the storage of petroleum, except in such special place or places in the depôt as may be set apart by the Port Commissioners for that purpose.

IMPORTATION AT OTHER PORTS.

11. The master of every ship conveying petroleum shall, on entering a port in the Lower Provinces of Bengal other than the port of Calcutta, give intimation of the quantity and description of the petroleum to the Magistrate of the district, and shall not allow more than three gallons of dangerous petroleum to be removed from the ship for delivery to any one person, except upon the production by the consignee or his agent of a license under section 5 or section 6 of the Act (as the case may be) to possess the same.

GENERAL.

12. Nothing in the foregoing rules applies to petroleum comprised in a ship's stores, and manifested as such, provided it is not of unreasonably large amount. If any question arises as to whether any petroleum, manifested as ship's stores, is of an unreasonably large amount, the decision thereon of the Port Commissioners in Calcutta, and of the Magistrate of the district elsewhere, shall be final.

Possession of Petroleum.

13. The following rules shall extend, so far as they apply to dangerous petroleum, to all the territories administered by the Lieutenant-Governor, and so far as they apply to other petroleum, only to—

- (1) the Town and Port of Calcutta;
- (2) the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta;
- (3) the North Suburban Municipality;
- (4) the South Suburban Municipality;
- (5) the area at Budge-Budge bounded as follows:—On the north by the Budge-Budge Road, on the east by the Aitchheepore Road, on the south by the Gurria Khal, and on the west by the river Hooghly.
- (6) the Municipality of Howrah.

14. Licenses for the possession of petroleum within the town of Calcutta shall be granted only when—(1) the quantity of petroleum to be kept in one place does not exceed 50,000 gallons, and (2) the place intended to be used for the keeping of the petroleum fulfils the following conditions, viz:—(a) If the quantity of petroleum to be kept in the place does not exceed 5,000 gallons, the building itself shall be constructed of masonry with a terraced or iron roof, and the doorways and other openings of the building shall be built up to a height of not less than two feet above the level of the road or street, or the floor shall be sunk at least two feet below the level of the road or street, so that the petroleum cannot flow out of the place in case of fire. (b) If the quantity of petroleum to be kept in the place exceeds 5,000 gallons, but does not exceed 50,000 gallons, the building itself shall be constructed of masonry with a terraced or iron roof, and the doorways and other openings of the building shall be built up to a height of not less than three feet above the level of the road or street, or the floor shall be sunk at least three feet below the level of the road or street, so that the petroleum cannot flow out of the place in case of fire, and there shall be a clear open space of at least 20 feet round the building.

15. Licenses for the possession of petroleum outside the town of Calcutta shall, if the quantity of petroleum to be kept in the place does not exceed 50,000 gallons, be granted on the same terms as those granted in Calcutta for the possession in one place of not more than 5,000 gallons. If a license for the possession in one place of a larger quantity than 5,000 gallons be required, the license shall be granted on the same conditions as those granted in Calcutta for the possession in one place of petroleum exceeding in quantity 5,000 gallons; provided that, if the place in which the petroleum is to be kept is situated within one hundred yards of the river Hooghly or Tolly's Nullah, or the Circular Canal, the building shall further be surrounded by a wall or earthen embankment not less than four feet high with a trench close to, and completely surrounding, the building, of sufficient capacity to hold all the petroleum stored, and to prevent its escape beyond the limits of the trench in case of fire.

16. The Magistrate of the district, or in Calcutta the Commissioner of Police, or any police officer of or above the rank of head-constable appointed by him in writing for this purpose, may enter any place in respect of which a license for the possession of petroleum has been granted, for the purpose of inspecting the same at any time after sunrise and before sunset.

17. The Magistrate of the district, Commissioner of Police, or any police officer as aforesaid may require a sample to be delivered to him from any receptacle containing petroleum stored in any licensed premises. The procedure prescribed in sections 12, 13, and 14 of the Act shall apply to any demand for samples made under this rule and to the testing of such samples.

18. The following fees shall be charged for licenses for the possession of petroleum under the Act in places situated within the town of Calcutta, the Municipality of the suburbs of Calcutta, and the Municipality of Howrah :—

	Rs.
Licenses for the possession of dangerous petroleum—	
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 40 gallons (section 5, for every 40 gallons or fraction of 40 gallons	5
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 3 gallons, but does not exceed 40 gallons (section 6)	3
Rs.	
Licenses for the possession of other petroleum—	
When the quantity to be stored does not exceed 1,000 gallons	12
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 1,000 gallons, but does not exceed 5,000 gallons	2 extra for each 1,000 gallons, or part of 1,000 gallons.
When the quantity to be stored exceeds 5,000 gallons	4 for every (additional) 1,000 gallons or part of 1,000 gallons, in excess of 5,000 gallons.

19. The fees for licenses for the possession of petroleum in places situated beyond the limits of the town of Calcutta, the Municipality of the suburbs of Calcutta, or the Municipality of Howrah, shall be half those prescribed in rule 18.

20. Every license for the possession of petroleum in any place shall specify the maximum quantity of petroleum which may be stored in that place.

21. Licenses for the possession of petroleum shall be in force for one year, from the date of the grant of the license, provided that the licensing officer may at any time, for good and sufficient reason, cancel a license.

22. No license shall be necessary for the Port Commissioners' sheds at Budge-Budge : nor shall any license be required for sheds used by the Port Commissioners for the temporary storage of petroleum brought into the port under rule 3.

Transport of Petroleum.

23. Licenses for the transport of petroleum reported not dangerous in quantities not exceeding 500 gallons may be either general or special. General licenses for a period of twelve months shall be issued for transport by cart only. Such licenses shall authorize the holders to transport by cart any petroleum *bonâ fide* their own property without restriction as to destination or quantity.

24. The holder of a general license shall with each consignment of petroleum conveyed under cover of his license issue a pass in Form F appended to these rules, specifying the places from and to which the petroleum is to be conveyed, and the quantity of petroleum covered by it. Each pass shall be numbered, and the number of the general license shall be legibly marked on a conspicuous part of the last case on the cart.

25. Special licenses for the transport of petroleum shall be in force for such period not exceeding six months from the date of the grant of the license as may be specified in the license.

26. Every special license for the transport of petroleum shall specify the places from and to which respectively the petroleum is to be conveyed, the quantity of petroleum covered by the license, and the time for which the license is in force.

27. Applications for special licenses for the transport of petroleum by rail, by boat, and by steamer, or by two or more of these modes of conveyance, shall specify the description and quality of petroleum to be transported, and the places from and to which respectively the petroleum is to be conveyed, and shall describe the receptacles in which it is to be contained.

28. When a license has been granted under these rules for the transport of petroleum, the Magistrate of the district, or in Calcutta the Commissioner of Police, or any police officer of or above the rank of head constable appointed by him in writing for this purpose, may, at any time after sunrise and before sunset, and on or before the arrival of the petroleum at its place of destination, board any steamer or boat, or detain any cart in respect of which a license for the transport of petroleum has been granted, for the purpose of inspecting the license and seeing whether its provisions are being complied with.

29. The following fees shall be charged for licenses for the transport of petroleum under the Act:—

	Rs.
License for the transport of dangerous petroleum—	
When the quantity to be transported exceeds 40 gallons (section 5), for every 40 gallons or fraction of 40 gallons ...	4
When the quantity to be transported exceeds 3 gallons, but does not exceed 40 gallons (section 6) ...	2
Special license for the transport of other petroleum—	
When the quantity to be transported does not exceed 5,000 gallons	1
For every additional 5,000 gallons, or a part of 5,000 gallons ...	1
General license for the transport of petroleum by cart for twelve months ...	100

General.

30. Licenses for the possession or transport of dangerous petroleum in quantities exceeding 40 gallons will be granted, subject to the provisions of section 5 of the Act, under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Municipal Department, on the recommendation of the Commissioner of Police, if the application for the license is made in Calcutta, or of the Commissioner of the Division, if the application is made elsewhere.

Applications for such licenses should be made through the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, or the Divisional Commissioner, as the case may be.

31. Licenses for the possession or transport of dangerous petroleum in quantities not exceeding 40 gallons, and licenses for the possession or transport of other petroleum, will be granted in Calcutta by the Commissioner of Police or Deputy Commissioner of Police, at Budge-Budge by the Port Commissioners, and elsewhere by the Magistrate of the district, or by such other officer as the Local Government may from time to time, by an order in writing, appoint in this behalf.

32. Subject to the restrictions contained in section 5 of the Act, and Rules 14 and 15 of these rules, the licensing officer may, in his discretion, grant a license for the possession or transport of such quantity of petroleum as he thinks fit.

33. The licensing officer may, for special reasons to be reported to Government, refuse a license in any case.

34. Licenses granted under these rules shall be in the forms, and shall have endorsed on them the conditions, respectively, prescribed for them in the schedule hereto annexed. Every such license shall, on the breach of any such condition, be liable to be forfeited.

35. Every application for the renewal of a license shall be made in the same manner as an application for an original license. Every such application shall be made at a date not less than 15 days before the date on which the original license expires. The same fee shall be charged for the renewal of a license as for a new license.

SCHEDULE.

Form of License.

A.

License to possess dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 5 or Section 6 of Act XII of 1886.

No.

Fee Rs.

LICENSE is hereby granted to _____ for the storage, in the place described below, of _____ gallons of dangerous petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

Description of place above referred to.

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police, } When the amount of petroleum does
or Magistrate of the District. } not exceed 40 gallons.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM A.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under Section 8 of the Act.)

Conditions.

1. No goods of a combustible nature shall be stored in the licensed place.
2. No cask or other receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened, or the oil drawn off, within the building in which the petroleum is stored.
3. No smoking, light, or fire in any form shall be permitted at any time within such building.

4. If the licensing officer calls on the holder of the license, by a notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the licensed place which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the place, the holder of the license shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one week from the date of the receipt of the notice, as may be fixed by the notice.

5. The license-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity of dangerous petroleum exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a license under section 5 or 6 of the Act. For the delivery of any quantity of such petroleum not exceeding three gallons, he must observe the condition of sections 6 and 7 of the Act.

B

License to possess Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 10 of Act XII of 1886.

No.

Fee Rs.

LICENSE is hereby granted to _____ for the storage, in the place described below, of _____ cases containing _____ gallons of petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license

Description of the place above referred to.

The _____ 188 . _____ Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police.
District Magistrate.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM B.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under Section 11 of the Act.)

Conditions.

1. No goods of a combustible nature shall be stored in the licensed place.
2. No cask or other receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened, or the oil drawn off, within the building in which the petroleum is stored.
3. No smoking, light, or fire in any form shall be permitted at any time within such building.
4. If the licensing officer calls on the holder of the license, by notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the licensed place which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the place, the holder of the license shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one week from the date of the receipt of the notice as may be fixed by the notice.

C.

License for transport of dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 5 or Section 6 of Act XII of 1886.

No.

Fee Rs.

LICENSE is hereby given to _____ of _____ to transport _____ cases containing in all _____ gallons of dangerous petroleum from _____ to _____, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license, and by the following route, namely—

The amount of petroleum in each case is stated below.

This license shall continue in force till the _____ day of _____ 188 .

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police. } In the case of the transport of
Magistrate of the district. } dangerous petroleum in amount
not exceeding 40 gallons.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM C.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under section 11 of the Act.)

Conditions.

1. The petroleum shall be carried (here describe mode or modes of conveyance).
2. When the petroleum is carried by steamer, it shall be stowed in such part of the steamer and in such manner as may be approved by the licensing officer or any officer appointed by him in writing in this behalf.

3. When the petroleum is carried by rail, it shall be subject to all the regulations which may, from time to time, be prescribed generally or specially in that behalf by the railway authorities of the line or lines over which it may be conveyed.

4. When the petroleum is being carried by boat, no smoking, fire, or light of any description shall be allowed in the boat so long as it is within the limits of the port of Calcutta and the municipalities named in clauses (1) to (6), Rule 13 of these rules. The boat conveying the petroleum shall also, from sunrise to sunset, show at its stern a red flag, 18 inches long and 12 inches broad, having the words "Petroleum Boat" marked on it in black letters.

5. When the petroleum is carried by cart, the cart conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise, or carry any light.

6. The license-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a license under section 5 or 6 of the Act. For the delivery of any quantity of petroleum not exceeding three gallons, he must observe the conditions of sections 6 and 7 of the Act.

7. Should the Commissioner of Police or any Magistrate through whose jurisdiction the petroleum may pass consider it necessary to send a guard with the petroleum covered by this license, an extra fee shall be paid sufficient to cover the cost of such guard.

D.

License to transport Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum granted under Section 10 of Act XII of 1886.

No.	Fee Rs.
LICENSE is hereby granted to cases containing tious on the back of this license.	to transport from to gallons of petroleum, subject to the rules and condi-

This license shall continue in force only till the day of 188 .

Dated the day } Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police.
188 . } District Magistrate.

Superintendent of Petroleum Wharf at Budge-Budge.

ENDORSEMENT ON FORM D.

Rules.

(Here enter rules under Section 11 of the Act.)

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Steamer.

1. The petroleum shall be stowed in such part of the steamer and in such manner as may be approved by the licensing officer, or any officer appointed by him in writing in this behalf.

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Boat.

1. No smoking, fire, or light of any description shall be allowed in the boat in which the petroleum is being carried so long as it is within the limits of the port of Calcutta and the municipalities enumerated in clauses (1) to (6), Rule 13 of these rules.

2. The boat conveying the petroleum shall also, from sunrise to sunset, show at its stern a red flag, 18 inches long and 12 inches broad, having the words "Petroleum Boat" marked on it in black letters.

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Cart.

1. The carts conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise or carry any light.

Conditions when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Rail.

1. The petroleum shall be subject to all the regulations which may, from time to time, be prescribed generally or specially in that behalf by the railway authorities of the line or lines over which it may be conveyed.

E.

General license to transport Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum by cart under Rule 23.

No.

Fee Rs. 100.

A general license is hereby granted to _____ to transport petroleum by carts within the Lower Provinces of Bengal, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

This license shall continue in force till the

Dated the

day }

188 . }

Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Police
or District Magistrate.

F.

Pass granted by the holder of general license No. _____ for the transport of Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum by cart.

No.

This pass covers

cases containing

gallons of petroleum *bond fide*

the property of

while in transport from

to

Dated

188 . }

Holder of general

license No.

ENDORSEMENT ON PASS.

(1). The carts containing the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise or carry any light.

(2). The number of the general license under cover of which this petroleum is transported shall be legibly marked on a conspicuous part of the last case on the cart.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO FRAME RULES UNDER THE PETROLEUM ACT XII OF 1886.

WE, the members of the Committee appointed at the 479th Meeting of the Commissioners to consider and report upon the rules for the importation, transport, and storage of petroleum under Act XII of 1886, have the honour to submit the following report:—

Meetings of the Committee were held on the 28th June, and on the 5th and 7th of July.

The general tendency of the alterations which we have suggested is in the direction of relaxing the restrictions provided by the existing rules. We think that the experience of the last five years has shown that some precautions, which were thought necessary when the Act of 1881 was passed, may be dispensed with, and we desire to leave the trade as free as is compatible with public safety.

The rules fall under three general heads—importation, transport, and possession. The matters in respect of which rules may be made to regulate the importation of petroleum are specified in section 9 of the Act; rules relating to transport and possession fall under section 11.

In the preliminary section, we have substituted the testing officer appointed by Government for the Chemical Examiner to Government. This brings the rule into accordance with the wording of the Act, and the Chemical Examiner will not necessarily be the testing officer. He will probably be appointed in the first instance, but it will perhaps hereafter be found convenient to have a resident testing officer at Budge-Budge, so as to avoid the delay of sending the oil up to Calcutta to be tested.

In rule 3 we have raised the quantity of certificated petroleum which may be brought into the Port as part of a general cargo to 5,000 gallons. It has been represented to us that coasting steamers sometimes bring to Calcutta oil which has already passed the test at Bombay or elsewhere, and we think it unnecessary that such oil should be tested again. If the quantity is limited to 5,000 gallons, we think there is no danger of this liberty being abused.

Section 8 of the Act contemplates the possibility of the petroleum being discharged into boats instead of being landed, and we have modified the wording of rule 5 accordingly.

Rule 7 provides for a contingency which is apparently not covered by section 9 of the Act, and we therefore think the rule is necessary.

Rule 8 is intended to apply to the landing of petroleum both at the Budge-Budge wharf and at such other landing places within the Port as may be set aside for the landing of petroleum. We do not think that vessels which bring up 5,000 gallons of oil under rule 3 should be permitted to discharge the oil except at proper times and at suitable places.

The Act contemplates the fixing of fees for the sampling and testing of petroleum, and we accordingly give power in rule 9 to fix the fee at Rs. 5 for each sample tested. But we are disposed to think it unnecessary that this power should be exercised. The amount realized from such fees would be scarcely Rs. 1,000 a year, and it is not worth while, for so small a sum, to levy a charge which would certainly be unpopular, and might in some cases be troublesome to collect. We understand that no fees are charged at present for testing oil, and we recommend that Government should be asked to continue to allow the oil to be tested free of charge.

We have extended the rules for the possession of petroleum to the area at Budge-Budge surrounding the Commissioners' wharf and sheds. We think it undesirable, and indeed dangerous, that large quantities of petroleum should be stored in the immediate vicinity of the Commissioners' sheds, except under the precautions provided by the rules.

In rule 19 we have left the charge for storage licenses as it stands at present. The scale was fixed after full and long discussion, and though we understand that the dealers complain of it as too high, we have not found sufficient grounds for altering it. The matter appears to us of less importance, because it is in contemplation to levy a municipal tax of 2 annas a case on all petroleum stored in the town, and if this proposal takes effect, the municipal tax will presumably be substituted for the present license fee.

Rule 23 declares that no license shall be required for the Port Commissioners' storage sheds at Budge-Budge or elsewhere. It is clearly unnecessary that these sheds, which are erected for the public convenience, should be licensed.

In the rules regarding transport, we have found it necessary to make special provision for the case of transport by carts. A cart does not take so much as 500 gallons of oil, and therefore no license is required for it; but the Advocate-General has given an opinion that a batch or string of carts, starting together, and conveying oil which is the property of one person, must be licensed. We propose to allow the owner of the oil to take out a general license, which shall be in force for 12 months, and to give passes to the cartmen who are in actual charge of the petroleum. A fee of Rs. 100 will be charged for such a general license. At the same time, we are of opinion that the earliest opportunity should be taken to vest Government with the power to free carts from the necessity for being licensed when carrying non-dangerous petroleum, not only because we are strongly of opinion that there is no necessity for interfering with the movement of non-dangerous petroleum when moved in quantities under 500 gallons on each cart, but also because the licensing of carts would lead to much public inconvenience, and probably be used as a means for extortion and oppression by native policemen. For special licenses, which will generally be for transport by boat, we have reduced the amount of the fee from Re. 1 per 1,000 gallons to Re. 1 per 5,000 gallons. We have authorized the Port Commissioners to grant transport licenses at Budge-Budge. It will manifestly be the most convenient plan that an owner who wishes to remove his oil from the sheds, should be able to obtain a license on the spot from the Superintendent of the Petroleum Wharf.

We recommend that the rules, as now revised, should be sent to the Commissioner of Police for communication to the Legal Remembrancer.

H. J. REYNOLDS.
W. DUFF BRUCE.
H. L. HARRISON.
J. L. MACKAY.
JAMES HENDERSON.
GEORGE IRVING

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 2nd September 1886, was published at page 305, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, declaring the Lieutenant-Governor's intention to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act V (B.C.) of 1880 to the Chittagong Municipality, and whereas no valid objection has been raised to the proposal within six weeks from the date of the publication of the notification within the municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 1 of the Act, the Lieutenant-Governor extends the Act to the said municipality, with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd February 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Dwarika Nath Bose to be a Commissioner of the Perozepore Municipality, in the district of Backergunge, *vice* Baboo Madhav Narayan Roy Chowdry, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd February 1887.—It is hereby notified that an election will be held under section 19 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885 on the 25th March 1887, in thanna Pubna, of the Pubna Local Board, for the purpose of filling the vacancy in that thanna in the place of Baboo Chitanya Charan Shah, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd February 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under sections 23 and 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. J. Craven, District Traffic Superintendent, East Indian Railway, to be Chairman of the Sahebgunge Municipality, *vice* Mr. H. Thompson, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 21st February 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Municipality for the Suburbs of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for improving the Chakrabaria road in Bhowanipore, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land of a triangular shape, measuring 7 chittacks 5 square feet of the standard measurement, more or less, is required. The land is bounded on the north and west by holding No. 236, Sub-division J, Division VI, Dibi Punchannogram, and on the south and south-west by the new Chakrabaria road.

2. This declaration is made, under section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected at the Office of the Municipality at Alipore.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th February 1887.—Mr. H. Thompson, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Dinapore District Road Committee, *vice* Kumar Girendra Narayan Deb, on leave.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 23rd November 1886, was published at pages 516-17, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to revise the boundaries of the Gya Municipality, and whereas no valid objections have been raised to the proposal, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 9, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Gya Municipality made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that the boundaries of the Gya Municipality be revised as follows :—

The Gya Municipality is divided into two blocks—

Block A—Situated to the west of the river Phalgoo.

Block B—Situated to the east of the river Phalgoo.

The following are the boundaries of Block A :—

North.

1. The North Ramsilla road under the Road Cess Department from M. B. (municipal boundary) pillar No. 1 to M. B. pillar No. 2.

2. A straight line drawn from M. B. pillar No. 2 at the north-west corner of the Ramsilla Hill to M. B. pillar No. 3 at the north-west corner of the compound of the garden and house belonging to the Tikari Estate.

North-West.

1. A straight line drawn from M. B. pillar No. 3 to M. B. pillar No. 4 at the railway telegraph post No. 56-11.

2. A straight line drawn from M. B. pillar No. 4 to M. B. pillar No. 5 at the north-west corner of the compound of the house and garden known as Ramdayal Singh's.

West.

1. A straight line drawn from M. B. pillar No. 5 to M. B. pillar No. 6 at the culvert in the Delha road, south-west of Kesholal's garden.

2. A straight line drawn from M. B. pillar No. 6 to M. B. pillar No. 7 at the culvert on the Dobhi road, south of the Rukmini tank, including that portion of Moranpore which lies north of the Dobhi road from its junction with the Bodh-Gya road.

East.

The river Phalgoo.

South.

A straight line drawn from M. B. pillar No. 7 at the culvert on the Dobhi road to M. B. pillar No. 8 on the south boundary of Ghughri Taur, excluding that portion of Moranpore which lies between the Bodh-Gya and the Dhobi road and Baksheebigha, a hamlet of mouzah Kendua (46 of pergunah Pahra), and thence up to the river Phalgoo.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the powers vested in the Local Government by section 351 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Goalundo Municipality made at a meeting, to confirm the following bye-laws, which have been framed by the said Commissioners under section 350 of the said Act, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to Govt. of Bengal.

For the regulation of the conduct of business at the meetings of the Commissioners.

1. An ordinary general meeting of the Commissioners shall be held on the last Saturday of every month, unless the Chairman, for any special reasons, shall fix any other day.
2. All such meetings shall be convened by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, by notice to be served on each Commissioner not later than three days before the day of the meeting.
3. Should the Chairman or Vice-Chairman determine to call an extraordinary general meeting, not less than two clear days' notice shall be given to the Commissioners of the day fixed for such extraordinary general meeting.
4. Every notice, convening a meeting, shall be accompanied by a list of the business to be brought forward at such meeting, signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.
5. Any Commissioner wishing to bring forward any business shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Chairman a week before the next ordinary meeting, when the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall include such business in the list of the business to be laid before such meeting.
6. No business shall be considered or proposition received at any meeting if it does not appear in the list of business, unless the Commissioners present, by a majority of two-thirds, permit such business to be considered.
7. At all ordinary general meetings, the proceedings shall commence by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman reading the minutes of the last ordinary or extraordinary general meeting, with a view to ascertain if the resolutions passed at such meeting have been accurately recorded in the words used by the mover of such resolution, or, if amendments thereto shall have been passed, in the words used by the mover of such duly passed amendments.
8. In the event of any Commissioner being of opinion that any such resolution has not been accurately recorded, it shall be competent to such Commissioner to state his opinion to that effect, and thereupon the President shall refer to the original draft of such resolution, written and signed by the mover, and if he finds the minute to be inaccurate, he shall then and there make the necessary corrections in the minute-book. In the absence of a written draft, the President alone shall rule whether the resolution has been correctly recorded or not, and his decision shall be final.
9. The order in which the several subjects shall be discussed at a meeting shall be determined by the order in which they are mentioned in the list of business; but the President may, for any special reason, if a majority of the Commissioners present do not object, depart from that order.
10. On the Commissioners proceeding to the consideration of any subject, the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall first read to the Commissioners the letters and papers connected with such subject, and thereupon any Commissioner may make a proposition regarding such subject. Every such proposition made shall be written out by the proposer and signed by him.
11. No such proposition shall be discussed, or put to the vote, unless it is seconded.
12. Any Commissioner may propose an amendment to a proposition; all amendments shall be written out, signed, and seconded before being discussed or put to the vote.
13. On all points of order, the President's decision shall be final.
14. In the event of several amendments having been proposed, the President shall put them in order to the meeting, beginning with the last.
15. If any amendment is carried, that shall be the resolution of the meeting, and if no amendment is carried, or no amendment has been proposed, the original motion shall be declared "carried."
16. No Commissioner shall be allowed to vote by proxy.
17. The minutes of the proceedings of all meetings shall show the names of all the Commissioners attending, and the words of every proposition and any amendment.

For the regulation of the mode of collecting taxes.

18. Every tax-collecting officer shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the municipality, and the signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show such certificate, if required.

For the regulation of the conduct of persons employed by the Commissioners.

19. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may no longer be required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice, or pay in advance for the period of one month, and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of the forfeiture of one month's salary.

20. The Commissioners shall have power to inflict for neglect of duty a fine not exceeding one month's pay upon any person employed by them.

For the regulation and management of privies.

21. Every owner or occupier of any house, land or premises from which sewage or offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the municipality to such parts of his house, land or premises where sewage or offensive matter is kept for the removal of such sewage or offensive matter within such hours as may have been fixed on by the Municipal Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

22. Every person shall construct his privy above inundation level, and shall provide his privy or premises with a suitable moveable receptacle of metal or earthenware.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

23. No owner or occupier of any house, land or premises in or on which any privy may be situated shall allow sewage, urine or offensive matter to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water course, river, tank, hollow or excavations, or any place containing waste or stagnant water.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 25.

24. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy or cess-pool into any river, tank, *khal*, water course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the above-mentioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

25. No person shall perform any office of nature in any place outside private premises other than such places as may be appointed by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

26. No person shall carry sewage through public places except between the hours of 4 A.M. and 8 A.M., or otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, or shall use any place other than those approved by the Commissioners for the purpose of depositing such sewage therein.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

27. Every carriage plying in the municipality between dusk and dawn shall carry two conspicuous lights, and every cart shall carry one conspicuous light.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

28. No person shall let off any fire-balloon, firework, fire arm in or near a public street or public highway, without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

For the regulation of burning-grounds and burial-grounds.

29. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial-ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body when no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than four feet from the surface ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

30. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial-ground, any corpse or part of a corpse in a grave not constructed of masonry, which shall be less than six feet deep.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

31. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in a burial-ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

32. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial-place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

33. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

34. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be brought or conveyed, any corpse or part thereof to any burning-ground, shall burn, or cause the same to be burnt, within six hours of its arrival at the said burning-ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

35. Any one burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning-ground or ghat, shall cause the same to be completely reduced to ashes, and shall likewise cause the clothes or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to be reduced to ashes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

36. No person shall remove or sell any clothes or other articles appertaining to a corpse which may have been left at any burial-ground or burning-ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

37. No person shall convey a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from view.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

38. No person, while conveying any corpse, or part of a corpse, shall, except for the purpose of ordinary relief, deposit it on or near any public highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

General Bye-laws.

39. No person shall make any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved of by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; for continued infringement after notice Rs. 2 daily.

40. No person shall steep in any tank, khal, ditch side-cutting of the railway, or flooded place within municipal limits any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20; penalty for continued infringement after notice Rs. 2 daily.

41. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner of any trees or shrubs overhanging any tank, and liable to foul the water thereof, to cut or trim the same in such a manner that they should not overhang the tank. Whoever fails to comply with such requisition shall be liable to a fine which shall not exceed Rs. 10, and to a daily fine which shall not exceed Rs. 2, until such requisition be complied with.

42. No person shall wash in any tank or ditch or well or side-cutting of the railway, or any flooded place, the clothes or bedding or furniture used by any person who is suffering, or has recently suffered, from cholera, or from any infectious disease.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

43. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any public nullah or watercourse, and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20; penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

44. No bricks or wood or other thing shall be placed on any public road, street or highway without the previous permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50; penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 daily.

45. No person shall allow any pigs to be at large, or keep them otherwise than in closed styes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

46. No person shall allow any diseased or worn-out animals to stray into any highway, or into any place whence such animals can escape into any highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

47. No person shall picket any animal or collect carts, or form any encampment upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

48. No person shall tether or picket any animal in any road.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

49. No person shall enlarge or deepen any existing tank or other excavations without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

50. No person shall cut sods or grass, or remove earth or grass from the margin or slopes of any public road.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

51. No person shall remove from or deposit earth or any other substance in, or make any alteration whatever in, any public drain without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

52. Any person who shall, in contravention of any order passed under section 236 of the Municipal Act, make, renew, or thoroughly repair with grass, leaves, mats or other inflammable materials, the external roofs and walls of any house, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20, and the Commissioners shall have power to order to be demolished any such house by giving notice in writing to such effect to the owner thereof; and any person who shall fail to comply with such notice within seven days shall be liable to a fine of Rs. 2 for each day during which time he shall fail to comply with such requisition.

53. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass in any other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

54. No person shall leave any cart on any public road.

The penalty for infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

55. No person shall obstruct any *gháts* set apart by the Commissioners for bathing places, or for the supply of water for drinking and for culinary purposes, by placing boats or any other vessels or obstruction thereat.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50; and for continued infringement after notice Rs. 10 daily.

56. Every owner of a licensed *serai* or lodging-house shall, upon the occurrence of cholera or other infectious disease amongst his lodgers, or any persons residing on his premises, give information to the Commissioners within eight hours of the occurrence of such disease, and it shall be competent to the Commissioners to pass such orders as they may deem fit for the segregation of any person so suffering; any owner of such *serai* failing to give the required notice, or failing to comply with the written requisition of the Commissioners, shall be subject to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

57. Every owner of a licensed *serai* or lodging-house shall furnish separate latrine accommodation for males and females, and for the maximum number of persons such *serai* or lodging-house can accommodate at the rate of ten seats for every hundred persons. Such latrine shall be open to the inspection of the Commissioners, or of any officer deputed by them at any hour of the day.

The penalty for infringement, or for opposing the Commissioners or any officer deputed by them in the execution of this duty, shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

58. All licensed *serais* or lodging-houses shall be open to the inspection of the Commissioners, or of any officer deputed by them, at all hours of the day or night.

The penalty for opposing the Commissioners, or any officer deputed by them for the purpose, shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20, and the Commissioners may withdraw such license.

59. The names of all persons employed at a licensed *serai* or lodging-house shall be registered at the Municipal Office by the owner of such *serai* or lodging-house. Any person failing to comply with these bye-laws within one week after obtaining a license shall be subject to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement Re. 1 daily.

For the regulation of markets.

60. No owner, or occupier, or farmer of any market for the sale of butchers' meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables within municipal limits, shall keep or allow the same to be kept in an unclean state.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20; and for continued infringement a daily fine of Rs. 5.

61. Every owner, occupier, or farmer of any market within the said limits shall remove, or cause to be removed, once in every twenty-four hours, any offensive matter which may have accumulated within such period.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20, and for continued infringement Rs. 5 daily.

62. Every owner, occupier, or farmer of any market shall, within fourteen days after he shall have received notice from the Commissioners so to do, provide such urinal or latrine as, in the opinion of the Commissioners, may be necessary for the cleanliness and health of the said market, and the site and construction of which shall be approved by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20, and for continued infringement Rs. 5 daily.

63. No person resorting to a market and intending to satisfy a call of nature shall have recourse to any other place within the market for that purpose except the urinal or latrine provided under the preceding section.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

64. No owner, occupier, or farmer of, or vendor in, any market or shop, shall sell or expose, or permit to remain in any such market or shop, any noxious meat, or fish, or decomposed vegetable matter, but such owner, occupier, or farmer shall, without any delay, cause such meat, fish, or vegetable matter to be at once removed to a place to be notified to him by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th February 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon Raj Mohun Banerjee to be a Commissioner of the Bankoora Municipality, *vice* Mr. D. Whiffiu, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th February 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act, III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Hazi Khondker Enayet Ali to be a Commissioner of the Rampore Beaulah Municipality, *vice* Moulvie Abdus Salam, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 22nd November 1886, was published at page 516, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to sanction the extension of the provisions of sections 237 to 244 (inclusive) and of sections 267 and 273 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884 to the Hajipore Municipality, in the district of Mozufferpore, and whereas no objection has been raised to such extension within one month from the date of the publication of the notification within the Municipality, it is hereby notified that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of the above Act, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the said Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that sections 237 to 244 (inclusive) and sections 267 and 273 of the Act be extended to the Municipality of Hajipore, with effect from 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th February 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 22nd November 1886, was published at page 516, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to sanction the extension of the provisions of sections 237 to 244 (inclusive) and of sections 267 and 273 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884 to the Lalgunge Municipality, in the district of Mozufferpore, and whereas no objection has been raised to such extension within one month from the date of the publication of the notification within the Municipality, it is hereby notified that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of the above Act, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the said Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that sections 237 to 244 (inclusive) and sections 267 and 273 of the Act be extended to the Municipality of Lalgunge, with effect from 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th February 1887.—Whereas a notification was published at page 533, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th December 1886, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of Act V (B.C.) of 1866 (an Act to make better provision for the regulation of hackney carriages and palanquins in the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta) to the Berhampore Municipality, and whereas no objection has been raised to the proposed measure within one month from the publication of this notification within the municipality, the Lieutenant-Governor, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 54 of the Act, sanctions the extension of the Act to the Berhampore Municipality with effect from the 1st April 1887.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 351, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Sewan Municipality, made at a meeting, to confirm the following bye-law, which has been framed by the said Commissioners under section 350 of the said Act, unless good reasons be shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality:—

“No person shall cause any elephant to be driven or to pass within the limits of the Sewan Municipality without a pass from the Commissioners of the Municipality. Any infringement of this bye-law shall be punishable with a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.”

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th February 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Nibaran Chandra Ghuttack to be a Commissioner of the Sitamarhi Municipality, in the district of Mozufferpore, *vice* Baboo Charu Chandra Mitra, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th February 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884 the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. C. E. Livesay to be a Commissioner of the Berhampore Municipality, *vice* Mr. P. B. Roberts, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Charn Chander Goswami to be a Commissioner of the Kurseong Municipality, in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Baboo Bisshambar Sirkar, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. G. E. Daleys to be a Commissioner of the Kurseong Municipality, in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Mr. L. Daniell, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Chhatra Dhar Ghosh to be a Commissioner of the Kurseong Municipality, in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Baboo Amrita Narayan Roy, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd February 1887.—Baboo Balkristna Das, Mookhtar, is appointed to be a member of the Jajpore Branch Road Committee, *vice* Baboo Syam Sundar Das, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th February 1887.—Mr. C. G. H. Allen, Assistant Magistrate, is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Rungpore District Road Committee, *vice* Mr. H. E. Ransom, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th February 1887.—Moulvi Gowhar Ally, Deputy Magistrate, is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Durbhunga District Road Committee.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th February 1887.—Baboo Ganga Pershad Singh, zemindar, is appointed to be a member of the Gopalgunge Branch Road Committee, *vice* Baboo Bhubuneshwar Dutt.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st March 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 24th September last, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to confirm the bye-laws reproduced below, which have been framed by the Commissioners of the Nasirabad Municipality, was published at page 476, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th October last, and whereas no valid objections have been raised to the proposal, it is hereby notified that, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 351 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Nasirabad Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor confirms the said bye-laws:—

I. No person shall, without the written permission of the Municipal Commissioners, deposit, except for purposes of temporary relief, any moveable property or goods, or expose any article for sale on any road, nor shall make any excavation in any road or any way enclose the whole or any portion of a road within the municipality.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

The penalty for continued infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

II. Whoever, in contravention of a direction of the Commissioners made under section 236 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, erects, renews, or repairs the external roof of any hut or other building with grass, leaves, mats, or other inflammable materials within the limits fixed by the Commissioners shall be liable to a fine of Rs. 20.

III. Whenever a limit has been fixed under section 236 by the Municipal Commissioners, the Commissioners may require the owners of all huts or other buildings made of grass, mats, leaves, or other inflammable substances, to have the external walls plastered on all sides with mud or some other non-combustible substances of the thickness of one inch at least, and no person shall make any fence or wall otherwise than as provided for above, or without the written permission of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20, and the penalty for continued infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

IV. No clothes, rags, and bedding, &c., soiled with cholera stools and vomitings, should be thrown at random in any place, or washed in the river or tank or other reservoirs of water within the municipality. Such clothes and rags shall all be burnt by the owner or occupier of the house of which the patient is an inmate, and the stools buried at a depth of 3 feet.

The penalty for infringement of the bye-law shall subject the owner or occupier of the house in which the patient is an inmate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th February 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 9, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Purneah Municipality, in the district of Purneah, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor intends to revise the existing boundaries of the municipality so as to include within its limits an area of 60 acres of jungle in the vicinity of the railway station at Abdullanagar, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

The boundaries of the municipality thus revised shall be as follows :—

On the north—The northern boundary of Kusbah Purneah and the northern revenue boundary of Maharajgunge and Madhubani.

On the south—The western revenue boundary of mouzah Madhubani and the southern revenue boundary of mouzah Madhapura.

On the east—The river Sourah as far as Captain Ghât, thence along the Darjeeling road for a distance of 1,890 yards to a pucca pillar, thence northward in a straight line for a distance of 936 yards to a second pucca pillar, thence due west to the eastern revenue boundary of Abdullanagar, and thence to the eastern revenue boundary of Abdullanagar and Alungunge to the north-eastern corner of Kusbah Purneah.

On the west—The western revenue boundary of mouzah Madhubani.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 22, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to re-appoint Baboo Obhoy Govinda Chowdhuri to be a Commissioner of the Pubna Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. C. G. Allen, c.s., to be a Commissioner of the Rungpore Municipality, *vice* Mr. H. E. Ransom, c.s., transferred.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st March 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 86 (a) of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Revilgunge Municipality, in the district of Sarun, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor intends to sanction the levy by the Commissioners, under section 131 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, and on horses and other animals mentioned in the fifth schedule of the Act, at half the rates specified in the said schedule, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of publication of this notification within the municipality.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd March 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 16th October 1886, was published at page 497, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of sections 249 and 268 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884 throughout the Barisal Municipality, and those of sections 236 to 244 within the area bounded as specified in the margin, and whereas no valid objection has been raised to the proposal within one month from the date of the publication of the above notification within the municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of the Act, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Barisal Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the extension of the provisions of sections 249 and 268 throughout that municipality, and those of sections 236 to 244 within the boundary noted in the margin.

On the north by the Jail khal; on the south by Chinnarpoti and Purarás road; on the east by the Barisal river; on the west by an imaginary line including the premises of Dengu Chaprasi, Govinda Chandra Pal Chowdhuri, Rasick Chandra Chackravarti, Sadhuram Mistry, Hur Govindo Karmakar, Bhagaban Banerjee, Ram Chandra Poddar, Govindo Mohun Das, Pyari Mohun Saha, and Modun Mohun Agra.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Moonshi Helaluddin Mahomed to be a Commissioner of the Santipore Municipality, in the district of Nuddea, *vice* Baboo Shama Charan Roy, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th March 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 1st November last, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to confirm certain bye-laws framed by the Commissioners of the Madaripore Municipality, under section 350 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, was published at page 508, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, and whereas no objection has been raised to the bye-laws in question, it is hereby notified for general information that in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 351 of the said Act, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Madaripore Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor confirms the following bye-laws:—

Rules for the regulation and management of privies.

1. Every person who shall construct his privy shall do so above ground, and shall provide his privy or premises with a suitable moveable receptacle of metal or earthenware for the reception of fecal matter.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees fifteen.

2. No nightman, sweeper, or other persons carrying night-soil through the streets shall loiter or deposit any vessel containing night-soil on or by the side of any public road or street.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees five.

Rules for the regulation of Burial and Burning grounds.

3. No person when burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning ground, shall permit the same, or any part thereof, to remain at the ghât without being completely reduced to ashes, or shall permit the cloth or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near the burning-ground, unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees twenty-five.

4. No person shall remove or sell any clothes or other articles appertaining to a corpse which may have been left in any burial-ground or burning-ghât.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees five.

5. No person shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from view.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees five.

6. No person while conveying any corpse, or part of a corpse, shall, except for the purpose of temporary relief, deposit it on or near any public highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees five.

7. No person shall bury or burn, or cause to be buried or burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in or near any place declared by the Commissioners not to be used for burning or burial purposes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees twelve.

General rules.

8. No person shall allow any animal to stray into any highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees five.

9. No person shall enlarge or deepen any existing tank or other excavation without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees ten.

10. Any person who shall, in contravention of the provisions contained in section 236 of the Municipal Act, and without the permission of the Commissioners previously obtained, make, renew or repair with grass, leaves, mats or other inflammable materials, the external roofs of any hut or other building within the limits given below shall be liable to a fine not exceeding rupees forty:—

Limit.

North.—River Kumar.

West.—Amirabad khal.

South.—Jogannath's Akhara and Palchaudhuri's katchery.

East.—Madaripore khal.

11. No person shall throw or place, or permit his servant to throw or place, on any road or street any broken glass, broken bottles, crockery or other rubbish.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees five.

12. No person shall deposit, except for the purpose of temporary relief, any article or thing on any road without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees twenty.

13. No person shall steep in any river, khal, tank or ditch any hemp, jute, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, khal, tank or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood except by the permission of the Commissioners previously obtained, and subject to any condition they may wish to impose.

* The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees twenty.

14. No person shall perform any office of nature in any place outside the private premises other than such as may have been selected by the Commissioners, provided that such places have been set apart by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees five, and for continued infringement a daily fine of Rupees two.

15. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner of any trees or shrubs overhanging any tank and likely to foul the water thereof to cut or trim the same in such a manner as not to overhang the tank.

Whoever shall fail to comply with the requisition shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees ten, and to a daily fine not exceeding Rupees two until such requisition be complied with.

16. No owner, occupier, or farmer of any market for the sale of fish or vegetable within the limits of the municipality shall keep or allow the same to be kept in a filthy or unclean state.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rupees ten or a daily fine of Rupees two till kept properly.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Upendra Chandra Mazumdar to be the Chairman of the Perozepore Municipality, *vice* Baboo Soshi Sikar Dutt, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to re-appoint Mr. J. Craven to be a Commissioner of the Sahibgunge Municipality, in the district of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, *vice* Mr. H. Thompson, resigned.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased to appoint, under section 27 of the Act, Mr. L. Crosier to be a Commissioner of the above Municipality, *vice* Mr. J. Craven, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th March 1887.—Whereas a notification, dated the 11th September last, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to confirm a bye-law framed by the Commissioners of the Coomercolly Municipality, under section 350 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, was published at page 359, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, and whereas no valid objection has been raised to the bye-law in question, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 351 of the said Act, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Coomercolly Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor confirms the following byelaw:—

*For regulating the erection of roofs and external walls of huts and other buildings.**

Whoever in contravention of a direction of the Commissioners, made under section 236 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, erects, renews, or repairs the external roof or wall of any hut or other building with grass, leaves, mats, straw or other inflammable materials, or without the sanction of the Commissioners keeps any stock or heap of thatching-grass, leaves, or other inflammable materials within such limits as may be fixed by the Commissioners under section 236 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20, and a daily fine of Re. 1 till such house or building is pulled down, or the orders of the Commissioners carried out.

R. H. WILSON,

Off. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd March 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of drainage in the Imungunge Lane, in the Town of Dacca, pergunnah Jahangirnugger, zillah Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring more or less, 11½ chittacks of standard measurement, is required. The land is bounded on the north, south, and west by Imungunge Lane; and on the east by the land of Meer Amirali Khan.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 3rd March 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for opening a mehter's passage at Dikbazar, in the Town of Dacca, pergunnah Jahangirnugger, zillah Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring more or less, 2 cottas 10 chittacks of standard measurement, is required. The land is bounded as follows:—

Plot No. I.—On the north and west by the land of Baboo Radhika Mohan Basak and others; on the south by the land of Lakhi Chandra Poddar; and on the east by the land of Ballabh Chandra Kaibarta and others.

Plot No. II.—On the north by the land of Moulvie Oazuddin; on the east by the land of Baboo Rup Lal Das and others; and on the south and west by the land of Baboo Radhika Mohan Basak and others.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 4th March 1887.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for opening a cartway at Juginagar, in the town of Dacca, zillah Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring more or less, 1 cottah 5 dhurs of standard measurement, is required. The land is bounded on the north by the khas land and a ditch; on the south by the khas land; on the east by the Juginagar road; and on the west by a ditch.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1887.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. H. S. Beadon, c.s., to be Chairman of the Durbhunga Municipality, *vice* Mr. W. H. D'Oyly.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th March 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 32 of the rules framed under section 138 (a) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act III (B.C.) of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to fix Saturday, the 7th May 1887, as the date for holding an election for the purpose of filling the vacancy in the representation of thannah Egra of the Contai Local Board in the district of Midnapore, caused by the death of Baboo Srinath Chandra Das Mahapatra.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th March 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 351 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Burdwan Municipality, made at a meeting, to confirm the following bye-laws which have been framed by the said Commissioners under section 350 of the said Act, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification:—

(1) No person shall wash or cleanse, or cause to be washed or cleansed, near any stand-pipe or any other work erected to supply drinking water, belonging to the Municipal Commissioners, any cloth, wool, utensils for cooking or other purposes, or leather or skin of any animal, or any foul or offensive things.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding 25 rupees.

(2) No person shall bathe or wash near or on any stand-pipe or other works intended to supply filtered water, or shall in any way obstruct persons from drawing water for domestic purposes from such works.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 25.

(3) No person shall wash or cleanse, or cause to be washed or cleansed, any vehicle, carriage, cart, dog, horse or any other animal in or upon or by the side of any stand-pipe or other works intended for the supply of water.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(4) The Commissioners at a meeting shall be competent to disallow supply of water for washing carriages, and for the use of animals other than those referred to in section 288 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884.

The Commissioners will not be bound to give reasons for such proceeding.

After due notice has been given for the discontinuance of such supply, anybody found using water for cleaning carriages, &c., shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

(5) Any person who taps the mains or pipes or interferes with any valve or fire-tap except in case of fire shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25.

(6) No person shall interfere with the service pipes of the Commissioners in any way without the previous written sanction of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

(7) Anybody obstructing any authorized servant of the Commissioners to enter into any house or land supplied with water, after due notice given, in order to examine all pipes, works, and fittings connected with the supply of water, and to ascertain whether there be any waste or misuse of such water, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

(8) Any person intentionally omitting to give immediate information of the waste of water owing to the connecting pipes or other apparatus on his private premises being in any way out of repair shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

(9) No person shall use public stand-pipes or fountains for purposes other than drawing water from the taps for drinking on the spot or carrying away for domestic purposes.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 25.

(10) No person shall use any troughs except for the purpose of watering cattle.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 25.

(11) Anybody requiring supply of water for other than domestic purposes shall provide a meter at his own cost, and it shall be of such dimension and quality as shall be approved by the Commissioners at a meeting.

(12) No person shall take, or cause to be taken, any filtered water supplied by the Commissioners beyond the limits of the water-rate area fixed by the Commissioners without the special written permission of the Commissioners at a meeting. Persons after obtaining such permission shall be bound to show a pass given by the Commissioners at any time if required.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

(13) No mehters, dhangers, or scavengers shall wash near or take water from any stand-pipe when they are performing any of their duties.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

(14) Any person found tampering with any hydrant so as to cause needless waste or damage to the mechanism of the hydrant shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th March 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Baidyabatti Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of sections 261 to 265 (both inclusive) of Part VI of the said Act to the above municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th March 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 351 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Bally Municipality made at a meeting, to confirm the following bye-laws which have been framed by the said Commissioners under section 350 of the said Act, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality :—

For regulating the conduct of business.

1. An ordinary general meeting of the Municipal Commissioners shall be held once a month on such day and at such hour as may be fixed from time to time by the Commissioners at a meeting.

2. A meeting of the Commissioners, whether ordinary, extraordinary, or special, shall be convened by notice to be served on each Commissioner at least two days before the meeting. A list of business to be brought forward at a meeting, signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, must accompany the notice.

3. Any Commissioner who intends to bring forward any business should give notice of such intention to the Chairman a week before the meeting, whereupon the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall include such business in the list of business.

4. No subject shall be considered at any meeting unless it appears in the list of business, and the order in which the several subjects shall be taken up shall be determined by their order in the list.

5. The first business in any meeting shall be to read over and confirm, after correcting errors, if any, the minutes of the proceedings of the last meeting. The next business shall be the consideration of any subject that may have been postponed at the last meeting. New subjects shall then be taken up in their order.

6. Any Commissioner shall be at liberty to call the attention of the President to a point of order, even when a Commissioner is addressing the meeting. The President shall decide who shall address the meeting in case of dispute.

7. An amendment may be proposed by any Commissioner. If it is seconded, it may be discussed. After discussion, amendments shall be put to the vote by the President, beginning with that last proposed and ending with that first proposed. If all the amendments are lost the original proposition shall be put to the vote. No member who is not present shall be allowed to vote.

8. Any Commissioner may decline to vote on any subject without assigning his reason for abstaining from doing so.

9. Any subject under consideration may be postponed, or the consideration of it adjourned, either to a fixed date or *sine die*, or it may be referred to a Committee or to any individual member either for report or for final disposal. Any member of such Committee or such individual member shall be competent to vote on the subject of the report at a general meeting.

10. Unless not less than two-thirds of the Commissioners consent by signing a requisition, no subject once finally disposed of can be reconsidered within twelve months.

11. The minutes of the proceedings of all meetings shall show the name of the President and of all members attending, the original propositions and amendments, if any, and the number of votes for and against each proposition and amendment.

12. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may no longer be required, shall, unless there be some agreement to the contrary, be liable to discharge after receipt of one month's previous notice or pay in advance, and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given a like notice on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

13. The Commissioners shall have power to inflict, for neglect of duty, a fine not exceeding one month's pay upon any person employed by them.

For regulating the collection of taxes, fees, and rates.

14. The collecting officer shall prepare the bills, which must bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

15. Every collecting officer shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer, at the time of demanding payment, shall be bound to show his certificate if required.

16. The collecting officer taking the money in payment of any demand shall give a receipt for it on the back of the bill: no other receipt, except the one mentioned above, shall be considered evidence of payment.

Regulations relating to sewage, offensive matter, rubbish, privies, and drains.

17. Every person within whose premises or on whose land any animal may die shall within four hours after its death, or if death occurs at night within two hours after sunrise, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart for the reception of the carcasses of animals, or report its death to the conservancy overseer or at the municipal office, and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. The overseer when called upon shall not neglect to remove the carcass.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

18. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such place as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of carcasses of animals.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

19. No person shall throw or place, or cause to be thrown or placed, on any road or street any broken glass, broken bottles, or crockery, but such rubbish may be placed directly on the conservancy carts.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

20. No person shall construct or place over or by the side of any public drain any bridge, platform, building, fencing, or structure of any kind, except by or with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

21. No person shall make a shop over any public drain, or in any way occupy any culvert, bridge, or platform which may have been placed over any public drain, except for the purpose for which he has got the permission.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

22. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner in writing to alter, in such manner as they shall direct, any culvert which may be so constructed as to afford any inconvenience in cleaning the drain underneath; provided that, if such culvert was originally constructed with the permission of the Commissioners, or if it was constructed before Act III (B.C.) of 1864 came into operation in the Municipality, the alteration shall be made at the expense of the Commissioners.

23. No person shall, without permission from the Commissioners, cut sods or grass or remove earth or grass from the margin of any public road or from any public drain.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

24. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any land within three days to trim or prune any hedges, and to cut and trim any trees overhanging any public drain.

Any person who shall fail to comply with such requisition shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10, and to a fine of Rs. 2 per day until the requisition be complied with.

25. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any drain or watercourse, and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

26. No owner or occupier of land shall allow the same to be made filthy by the systematic deposit thereon of any dirt, dung, bones, night-soil, or other offensive matter. Provided that no prosecution under this bye-law shall be instituted against an absentee owner or occupier until notice, giving fourteen days to clean the land, has been served upon him.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

27. No person shall cause or suffer any offensive matter or refuse of any kind, not included in the term "offensive matter," from any manufactory, place of business or stable to flow into any river, khal, tank, or surface drain.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

28. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, tank clearings on the slope of any tank.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

29. No person shall wash, or cause to be washed, in any bathing ghât of a river or khal within the Municipality any horse or buffalo, or any other animal, or leather or the skin of any animal, or any other foul or offensive thing.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

30. No person shall steep any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter in any ditch, khal, or tank within the Municipality, the water of which is used for bathing, drinking, or cooking purposes by the public or the people of the locality.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

31. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cesspool into any river, tank, khal, watercourse or receptacle for water, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

32. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any tree or any part thereof, fall upon any public road or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall or other erection or tree shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

33. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water, which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom injuriously affects, or tends to injuriously affect, any public road or drain, or cause any inconvenience to passengers.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 1 daily.

34. Except under the provisions of sections 187 and 189 of the Bengal Municipal Act, no person shall deposit for any purpose any article or thing on any road without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5; the penalty for continued infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 1 daily.

35. Every carriage plying within the Municipality between dusk and dawn shall carry two conspicuous lights, and every cart shall carry one conspicuous light, except on bright moonlight nights.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

36. Any driver of a cart conveying bamboos, timber, rails, or other such materials, projecting more than three feet from either end of the cart, such cart not being in charge of one person at least besides the driver, shall be liable on conviction to a fine which shall not exceed Rs. 10.

Except on bright moonlight nights, no such timber or other materials as aforesaid shall be conveyed through any public road within the Municipality between dusk and dawn without a clear light constantly close to it.

37. No person shall allow any diseased or worn-out animal to stray into any public road, or into any place whence such animal can escape into any public road.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

38. No person shall commit a nuisance by easing himself in, or by the side of, or near to, any public road or drain, or on the foreshore of any river or khal within the limits of the Municipality, or on the banks of any public tank therein.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

39. No person shall plant any bamboo clumps or shujna, jeöl, tepälti, or such other trees within two feet of any drain or road.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

Regulations relating to the cleansing of Latrines.

40. Every person shall construct his privy above ground and shall provide his privy or premises with a suitable moveable receptacle.

Penalty for infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

41. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description or pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

42. No place shall be used as a place for deposit of night-soil, or as trenching-ground for night-soil, without a written permission from the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

43. No mehter or any other person shall deposit night-soil in any place other than the trenching-grounds provided by the Municipal Commissioners, or in places permitted to be used for such purpose, as provided for in the preceding bye-law.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

44. Mehters who are employed by the Municipal Commissioners to keep privies, either belonging to themselves or to private individuals, in a proper state, shall not neglect or refuse to keep the privies in their charge in a proper state.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

45. No nightman, sweeper, or other person carrying night-soil through the streets shall loiter or deposit any vessel containing night-soil by the side of any public road.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

Relating to Burial of Corpses.

46. No corpse shall be buried in places other than those appointed by the Municipal Commissioners for the purpose.

Penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th March 1887.—In supersession of the notification, dated the 15th ultimo, published at page 46, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem, it is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the South Barrackpore Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of Part IX of the Act to the portions of the said Municipality specified below, and to the Railway premises at Sodepore, Khurdaha, and Titaghur, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality:—

Ward No. II.—

Ward No. III.—Titaghur, excepting the portion lying between Titaghur khal on the north and the Barrackpore Trunk Road on the west.

Wards Nos. IV, VI, VIII, IX, and X.—Excepting the portion lying to the east of the Barrackpore Grand Trunk Road.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th March 1887.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Priya Madhab De to be a Commissioner of the Ghattal Municipality, in the district of Midnapore, vice Baboo Siva Das Bhattacharjee, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under the operation of section 20 of the Act.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under section 22 of the Act, to re-appoint Baboo Kedar Nath Mookerjee to be a Commissioner of that Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd February 1887.—Under Rule 8 of the rules framed under sections 5 and 7 of the Local Authorities Loan Act, 1879, it is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends to submit to the Government of India for sanction the following application from the Commissioners of the Bhagulpore Municipality for permission to raise a loan of Rs. 1,00,000, bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Application from the Municipal Commissioners of Bhagulpore for a loan of Rs. 1,00,000 under Act XI of 1879.

1	2	3	4	5(a)	5(b)	5(c)	5(d)	5(e)			6	7	8	9	
								THE INSTALLMENTS IN WHICH IT IS PROPOSED TO REPAY THE LOAN.							
The work or works for which the loan is required, and an estimate of the cost thereof.	The amount which it is proposed to borrow.	The fund or funds on the security of which it is proposed to borrow.	The law or laws under which the said fund or funds is or are held, received or paid.	The period for which the loan is required.	The number of the installments, if any, in which the loan shall be taken.	The amount of the installments.	The dates proposed for receiving such installments.	Principal to Sinking Fund.			The yearly proceeds of each of the funds received or held by the local authority.	All expenditure incurred by the local authority in each of the three last preceding years.	All existing charges upon the funds of the local authority.	Signature of the Commissioners.	
								Interest at 6 per cent.	Total.						
Water-supply scheme by which the inhabitants of Bhagulpore will be supplied with filtered water; cost about Rs. 3,50,000.	Rs. 1,00,000	Municipal Fund.	The Bengal Municipal Act III of 1884.	Twenty-five years.	One installment.	Rs. 1,00,000	June 1887.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Average proceeds of the Municipal fund Rs. 45,637. A water-rate will be levied to meet the loan if necessary.	Rs. 1889-90 46,015 1890-91 46,015 1891-92 46,015	Nil	Surya Narain Singh, Chairman. Shrijaet Ali Khan, Vice-Chairman. Shoshee Bhoshun Mookerjee, Kannai Lal Singh, Shib Chunder Banerjee, James Robinson, S. Mohamad Ali, D. P. Martin, Tarinee Prosad, Moortosa Hossain, Lallit Narain Singh, Hury Mohan Thacoar, Makood Lal, Mohendro N. Banerjee, Elahi Buteh, Jugunnath Sahai.	
								1. 1st January 1888	2,000	5,000					5,000
								2. 1st July 1888	2,000	5,000					5,000
								3. 1st January 1889	2,000	5,000					5,000
								4. 1st July 1889	2,000	5,000					5,000
								5. 1st January 1890	2,000	5,000					5,000
								6. 1st July 1890	2,000	5,000					5,000
								7. 1st January 1891	2,000	5,000					5,000
								8. 1st July 1891	2,000	5,000					5,000
								9. 1st January 1892	2,000	5,000					5,000
								10. 1st July 1892	2,000	5,000					5,000
								11. 1st January 1893	2,000	5,000					5,000
								12. 1st July 1893	2,000	5,000					5,000
								13. 1st January 1894	2,000	5,000					5,000
								14. 1st July 1894	2,000	5,000					5,000
								15. 1st January 1895	2,000	5,000					5,000
								16. 1st July 1895	2,000	5,000					5,000
								17. 1st January 1896	2,000	5,000					5,000
								18. 1st July 1896	2,000	5,000					5,000
								19. 1st January 1897	2,000	5,000					5,000
								20. 1st July 1897	2,000	5,000					5,000
								21. 1st January 1898	2,000	5,000					5,000
								22. 1st July 1898	2,000	5,000					5,000
								23. 1st January 1899	2,000	5,000					5,000
								24. 1st July 1899	2,000	5,000					5,000
								25. 1st January 1900	2,000	5,000					5,000
								26. 1st July 1900	2,000	5,000					5,000
								27. 1st January 1901	2,000	5,000					5,000
								28. 1st July 1901	2,000	5,000					5,000
								29. 1st January 1902	2,000	5,000					5,000
								30. 1st July 1902	2,000	5,000					5,000
								31. 1st January 1903	2,000	5,000					5,000
								32. 1st July 1903	2,000	5,000					5,000
								33. 1st January 1904	2,000	5,000					5,000
								34. 1st July 1904	2,000	5,000					5,000
								35. 1st January 1905	2,000	5,000					5,000
								36. 1st July 1905	2,000	5,000					5,000
								37. 1st January 1906	2,000	5,000					5,000
								38. 1st July 1906	2,000	5,000					5,000
								39. 1st January 1907	2,000	5,000					5,000
								40. 1st July 1907	2,000	5,000					5,000
								41. 1st January 1908	2,000	5,000					5,000
								42. 1st July 1908	2,000	5,000					5,000
								43. 1st January 1909	2,000	5,000					5,000
								44. 1st July 1909	2,000	5,000					5,000
								45. 1st January 1910	2,000	5,000					5,000
								46. 1st July 1910	2,000	5,000					5,000
								47. 1st January 1911	2,000	5,000					5,000
								48. 1st July 1911	2,000	5,000					5,000
								49. 1st January 1912	2,000	5,000					5,000
								50. 1st July 1912	2,000	5,000					5,000
Total	1,00,000	1,50,000	5,00,000												

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th March 1887.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following rules, under clauses (g), (d) and (m), section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act III (B.C.) of 1885 :—

PART IX.

Qualifications of Candidates for employment as District Engineers, Overseers and Accountants.

1. Any person serving as a District Engineer under the Cess Act of 1880 at the time of the Local Self-Government Act coming into force shall be deemed to be qualified for appointment as District Engineer of the same district.

2. A candidate for employment as District Engineer must be qualified in one of the manners following, that is to say, he must—

(a) be at the time of seeking the employment, or have previously been, a member of the Public Works Department of the Government of Bengal and hold a certificate from the Chief Engineer that his services have been such as to qualify him for employment as District Engineer; or

(b) hold the degree of Bachelor of Engineering or be a Licentiate of Engineering of the Calcutta University, and have been employed on Engineering works for not less than five years, exclusive of any time spent on apprenticeship, and hold satisfactory certificates of good conduct and efficiency during such employment; or

(c) have practised the profession of a Civil Engineer in India for not less than five years and hold a certificate from the Chief Engineer of the Public Works Department of the Government of Bengal that his experience, professional attainments, and knowledge of the native language are such as to qualify him for employment as a District Engineer.

3. A District Engineer of one district shall be deemed to be qualified for appointment to another district if certified to be so by the Chairman of the District Board and the Commissioner of the Division under whom he is employed.

4. Any person serving as an Overseer, Accountant, or otherwise on the Subordinate Engineering Staff of a District Engineer under the Cess Act of 1880 at the time of the Local Self-Government Act coming into force shall be deemed to be qualified for appointment in the same capacity under the Local Self-Government Act if he is certified to be so by the District Engineer.

5. A candidate for employment on the Subordinate Engineering Staff of the District Engineer must be qualified in one of the manners following, that is to say—

(1) if the pay of the appointment is Rs. 60 per mensem, or more, he must hold—

(a) a certificate from the Principal of the Government Engineering College at Seebpore that he has served his apprenticeship there and passed the final examination qualifying him for employment in the Public Works Department as a foreman mechanic or an upper subordinate; or

(b) a certificate from the Inspector of Local Works that he has been examined and found to possess the knowledge prescribed in the Public Works Department Code, Volume I, Chapter II, Section 27 (*fifth edition*), and is qualified to be an upper subordinate of the Public Works Department;

(2) if the pay of the appointment is less than Rs. 60 per mensem, he must hold a certificate of fitness from the District Engineer.

6. Candidates for employment as Accountants in the office of the District Board or of the District Engineer must hold a certificate that they have passed the examination prescribed in the Public Works Department Code, Volume I, Appendix G, paragraph 18 (*fifth edition*).

7. All candidates for employment as District Engineer or as subordinates on the staff of a District Engineer must be certified by a Civil Surgeon or Assistant Surgeon of the Government establishment to be physically fit for their out-door duties.

Procedure to be adopted in the appointment of District Engineers.

8. When a District Engineer intends to resign his appointment, he shall give the District Board three months' notice of his intention, and similarly when it is intended in accordance with the provisions of section 33(g) of the Act to discharge a District Engineer, the District Board shall give him three months' notice of such intention.

9. When notice is thus given or received that the appointment of District Engineer is about to become vacant, a meeting of the District Board shall be held for the purpose of fixing the salary of the new incumbent of the office, and a copy of the Resolution of the Board shall be submitted to the Commissioner for confirmation.

10. On receipt of the confirmation of the Commissioner, the Chairman of the District Board shall forthwith publish an advertisement in the *Calcutta Gazette* and in such other newspapers as the District Board shall decide, inviting candidates to submit applications for the vacant appointment. This advertisement should be published for at least six weeks and should notify the salary attached to the appointment, the rules prescribing the qualifications required of candidates, and the date on which the applications are to be submitted.

11. All applications from intending candidates shall be submitted in sealed and registered covers addressed to the Chairman of the District Board, and superscribed "Application for appointment of District Engineer." Each application must be accompanied by all the necessary certificates and testimonials required by the preceding rules, together with a suitable envelope addressed and sufficiently stamped for registration in which they can be returned in the event of the application being unsuccessful.

12. As soon as possible after the date fixed for the submission of the applications, a meeting of the District Board shall be held for their consideration. The Chairman shall open the applications in the presence of the District Board, who shall thereupon proceed to make their selection.

13. On the selection being made, a resolution to that effect shall be recorded, and a copy thereof forwarded, together with the original application, certificates, and testimonials of the selected candidate, to the Commissioner for confirmation.

14. If the nomination be confirmed by the Commissioner, the Chairman of the District Board shall notify to the successful candidate that he is appointed District Engineer, and instruct him as to the date on which he is to take up his appointment and begin his duties.

15. If the nomination be not confirmed by the Commissioner, the Chairman shall call a meeting of the District Board to reconsider it and make another selection from among the remaining candidates. The procedure laid down in Rule 13 shall then be repeated.

16. When the appointment has been finally settled, and the successful candidate has joined and entered upon his duties, the Chairman shall return the certificates and testimonials of the several candidates.

17. In the event of the appointment of District Engineer becoming vacant suddenly, by death or otherwise, without the notice prescribed in Rule 8, the Chairman of the District Board may make arrangements for the temporary performance of the duties of the office till the new District Engineer shall be appointed in accordance with the preceding rules.

Duties and Powers of District Engineers.

18. The District Engineer will be the officer in immediate charge of all the roads and buildings and other public works, the control of which is vested in a District or Local Board. He will arrange the details of their construction

and be responsible for their custody and maintenance in efficient repair so far as the funds placed at his disposal permit. He will keep accurate plans of the land appertaining to all roads and buildings in his charge, and take prompt steps to prevent encroachments.

19. The District Engineer will receive positive orders only from the Chairman of the District Board. The duty of yielding implicit obedience to any orders so received must be clearly understood; but in the interpretation of general instructions he will act upon his own judgment.

20. The Subordinate Engineering staff of a District or Local Board will be under the immediate orders and control of the District Engineer, and all orders to them with reference to work should emanate from, or be issued through, the District Engineer.

21. The District Engineer will be responsible for the accuracy of all reports, plans, designs, specifications and estimates prepared by him, and must attest them by his signature.

22. The District Engineer will pay strict attention to the economical application of all labour and materials used on works in his charge, and will be responsible for preventing the expenditure on any work exceeding the amount of the sanctioned estimate. He should also strive to bring economically into use, on all occasions, the articles procurable in the local markets and the natural products of the district.

23. The District Engineer must exact from his subordinates a correct performance of their duties and give them all proper instructions. He will furnish them with proper working drawings and written instructions as to the execution of any works they may be entrusted with, using additional precautions to prevent errors or accidents at a distance from the head-quarters of the district.

24. The District Engineer will frequently inspect outlying roads and works in progress, and see that the work carried on by his subordinates or contractors is sound and economical. When on tour he will keep a journal in which the distances travelled will be noted. He will also keep note-books in which will be entered daily any particulars with reference to works in progress which may call for remark, the dates of all inspections, the orders issued to subordinates, the check measurements taken, the accounts inspected, and generally any details concerning his duties which may be worthy of remark. These note-books will be considered official records.

25. The District Engineer will be responsible that his accounts are regularly posted from day to day, and are kept in strict accordance with the rules made from time to time under section 138(i) of the Act.

26. On the completion of any work, a completion report shall be submitted by the District Engineer to the Chairman; and any deviation from the design and estimate that may have been made during the construction of the work must be fully explained in it.

Duties and Powers of Inspector of Local Works.

27. The Inspector of Local Works will make frequent tours of inspection in the districts of the Commissioner's division to which he is appointed. He will not only minutely survey and report upon the state of the various works, whether completed or in progress in each district, but will carefully enquire into the system of management prevailing in respect to the preparation and cost of materials, the style of execution, the price of labour, and the rates of work. He will satisfy himself that building or road materials and other resources available in each district are brought into use in the most efficient and economical manner, and that the means of communication, projected or completed, are adapted to the requirements of the traffic.

28. The Inspector of Local Works will also, during his inspections, enquire into and report on the efficiency of the Engineering establishments employed under District or Local Boards.

29. The Inspector of Local Works will also carefully inspect the books of District Engineers and their subordinates and the arrangements and procedure for the primary accounts, and see that they are kept in the manner prescribed.

30. Besides his regular tours of inspection, the Inspector of Local Works will proceed to any place in his division whenever it may be necessary for him